





SPECIALISTS AND SERVICES FOR THIS SALE

DEPUTY CHAIRMAN

John Hays jhays@christies.com

SPECIALISTS

Andrew K. Holter

Head of Department

aholter@christies.com

Martha Willoughby

mwilloughby@christies.com

Cara Zimmerman

czimmerman@christies.com

Abigail Starliper

astarliper@christies.com

Tel: +1 212 636 2230

Fax: +1 212 636 4921

ADMINISTRATOR

Chelsea Corcoran ccorcoran@christies.com Tel: +1 212 636 2230 Fax: +1 212 636 4921

BUSINESS COORDINATOR

Sima Jalili sjalili@christies.com Tel: +1 212 636 2197 Fax: +1 212 492 5718

For general enquiries about this auction, email should be addressed to the auction administrator

SERVICES

ABSENTEE AND TELEPHONE BIDS

Tel: +1 212 636 2437 Fax: +1 212 636 4938

AUCTION RESULTS

christies.com

INSURANCE

Tel: +1 212 484 4879 Fax: +1 212 636 4957

PAYMENT

Buyers Tel: +1 212 636 2495 Fax: +1 212 636 4939 Consignors

Tel: +1 212 636 2350 Fax: +1 212 492 5477

ART TRANSPORT

Tel: +1 212 636 2480 Fax: +1 212 636 4937

HANDLING AND COLLECTION

Tel: +1 212 636 2495 Fax: +1 212 636 4939

CHRISTIE'S FINE ART STORAGE SERVICES

London +44 (0)20 7622 0609 cfassuk@christies.com New York +1 212 974 4579 cfassny@christies.com

AUCTION SERVICES

CHRISTIE'S AUCTION ESTIMATES

Tel: +1 212 492 5485 Fax: +1 212 636 4954 www.christies.com

CORPORATE COLLECTIONS

Tel: +1 212 636 2901 Fax: +1 212 636 4929 celkies@christies.com

ESTATES AND APPRAISALS

Tel: +1 212 636 2400 Fax: +1 212 636 2370 info@christies.com

MUSEUM SERVICES

Tel: +1 212 636 2620 Fax: +1 212 636 4931 awhiting@christies.com

LIBERATION THROUGH EXPRESSION: OUTSIDER AND VERNACULAR ART

Friday 22 January 2016

PROPERTIES FROM

The Marvill Collection
The Collection of
Susan and Stephen Pitkin
The Estate of Jean Pardee
The Collection of
Selig and Angela Sacks

AUCTION

Friday 22 January 2016 at 10.00 am (Lots 1-50)

20 Rockefeller Plaza New York, NY 10020

AUCTION CODE AND NUMBER

In sending absentee bids or making enquiries, this sale should be referred to as **BOXER-13084**

AUCTIONEERS

John Hays (# 0822982) Andrew Holter (# 1374229)

VIEWING

Saturday	16 January	10.00 am - 5.00 pm
Sunday	17 January	1.00 pm - 5.00 pm
Monday	18 January	10.00 am - 5.00 pm
Tuesday	19 January	10.00 am - 5.00 pm
Wednesday	20 January	10.00 am - 5.00 pm
Thursday	21 January	10.00 am - 2.00 pm

CONDITIONS OF SALE

This auction is subject to Important Notices, Conditions of Sale and to Reserves

BUYING AT CHRISTIE'S

For an overview of the process, see the Buying at Christie's section.
[40]

These auctions feature

CHRISTIE'S LIVE

Bid live in Christie's salerooms worldwide
register at www.christies.com



Browse this auction and view real-time results on your iPhone, iPod Touch, iPad and Android

View catalogues and leave bids online at **christies.com**

Front cover: Lot 5 Inside front cover: Lot 12 Inside back cover: Lot 11 Back cover: Lot 45

FRIDAY MORNING SESSION: 10.00 AM

SALE# 13084 LIBERATION THROUGH EXPRESSION: OUTSIDER AND VERNACULAR ART LOTS 1-50

IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING AT APPROXIMATELY 10.30 AM SALE# 11985 IMPORTANT AMERICAN FURNITURE, FOLK ART & PRINTS LOTS 53-133

AUCTION INDEX

FRIDAY AFTERNOON SESSION: 2.00 PM

SALE# 12444 PHILADELPHIA SPLENDOR: THE COLLECTION OF MR. AND MRS. MAX R. ZAITZ LOTS 145-249

IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING AT APPROXIMATELY 3.15 PM SALE# 11985 IMPORTANT AMERICAN SILVER LOTS 251-311

WHAT I EXPECT FROM ANY WORK OF ART IS THAT IT SURPRISES ME, THAT IT VIOLATES MY CUSTOMARY VALUATIONS OF THINGS AND OFFERS ME OTHER, UNEXPECTED ONES.

> - Jean Dubuffet, artist and founder of La Compagnie de l'Art Brut



PROPERTY OF A GENTLEMAN

1

JAMES CASTLE (1899-1977)

Untitled (Farmscape with freestanding door in front of shed) soot and spit on flattened Amalgamated Sugar Company package 5 % x 7 ½ in.

\$5,000-10,000

PROVENANCE:

J. Crist Gallery, Boise, Idaho Gallery Paule Anglim, San Francisco, California

EXHIBITED

Philadelphia, Philadelphia Museum of Art, *James Castle: A Retrospective*, 14 October 2008 - 4 January 2009.

LITERATURE

Ann Percy, ed., James Castle: A Retrospective (Philadelphia, 2008), p. 112.

James Castle (1899-1977), born deaf and mute, learned to communicate and interact with the world around him via visual and tactile means. His soot and spit drawings range from naturalistic to surreal. Here, an oversized screen door appears in an otherwise coherent farmscape; the conflation of what is real and what is imagined shows the artist's ability to combine forms and ideas into sophisticated scenes ripe with creativity. Castle also let his materials and surfaces guide his drawings, visible in the incorporation of surface creases within this composition: the triangular fold on the lower left of the paper is echoed in the barn roof, while the horizontal and vertical folds help establish the horizon of his work.

James Castle's art has been the subject of multiple major museum exhibitions, including retrospectives organized by the Philadelphia Museum of Art, the Smithsonian American Art Museum, Washington, D.C., and the Museo Nacional Centro de Arte Reina Sofía, Madrid.

2

EUGENE VON BRUENCHENHEIN (1910-1983)

Untitled (Marie)

hand-colored gelatin silver print 10×8 in.

\$4.000-6.000

PROVENANCE:

Estate of Eugene Von Bruenchenhein

Eugene Von Bruenchenhein's (1910-1983) extant body of work began shortly after his marriage to Eveline "Marie" Kalke in 1943, when their home became his studio, his canvas and his museum. During the decade following his marriage, Eugene photographed Marie, documenting the intimacy between the young couple. This hand-colored gelatin silver print reveals that Von Bruenchenhein conceived of his work in color despite employing a black-and-white printing process. For more information on the artist, see lot 30.



PROPERTY OF A SOUTHERN LADY

3

CLEMENTINE HUNTER (1886/7-1988)

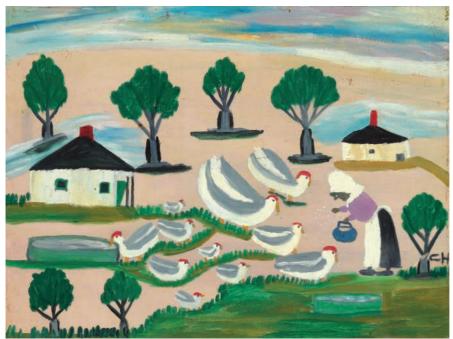
Guinea Hen Feeding initialed CH lower right side oil on board Sight 18 x 23 ½ in.

\$5,000-10,000

PROVENANCE:

Gasperi Gallery, New Orleans

Clementine Hunter (1886/7-1988) painted vibrant scenes reflecting the society of the Louisiana plantation on which she spent most of her life. Her works, depicting picking cotton and pecans, washing clothes, baptisms, funerals and images of daily activities are considered important documentation of plantation life in the early twentieth century. This work has been authenticated by Clementine Hunter expert Tom Whitehead.



PROPERTY FROM A PRIVATE NEW YORK COLLECTION

4

GEORGE WIDENER (B. 1962)

Titanic (1912-1947), 2012

signed 1ST CLASS PASSENGER V.I.P. GEORGE WIDENER R.I.P. lower right edge ink and acrylic on pieced paper napkins 22 ½ x 36 in.

\$8,000-12,000

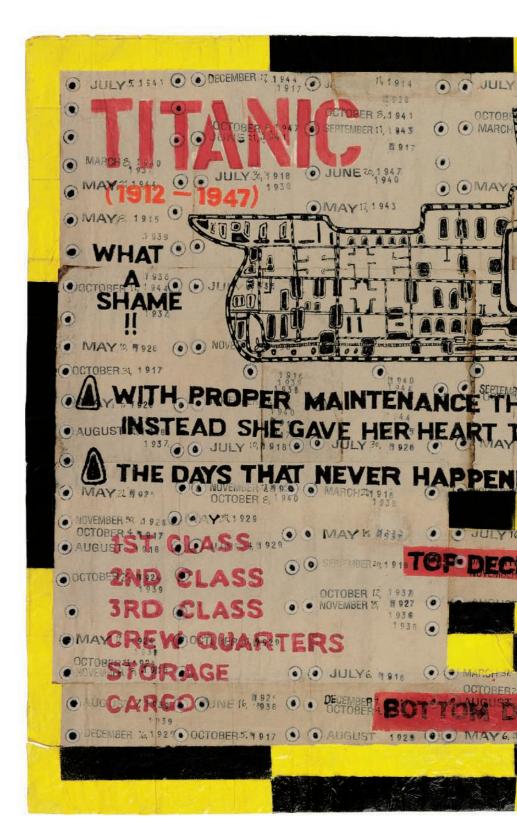
PROVENANCE:

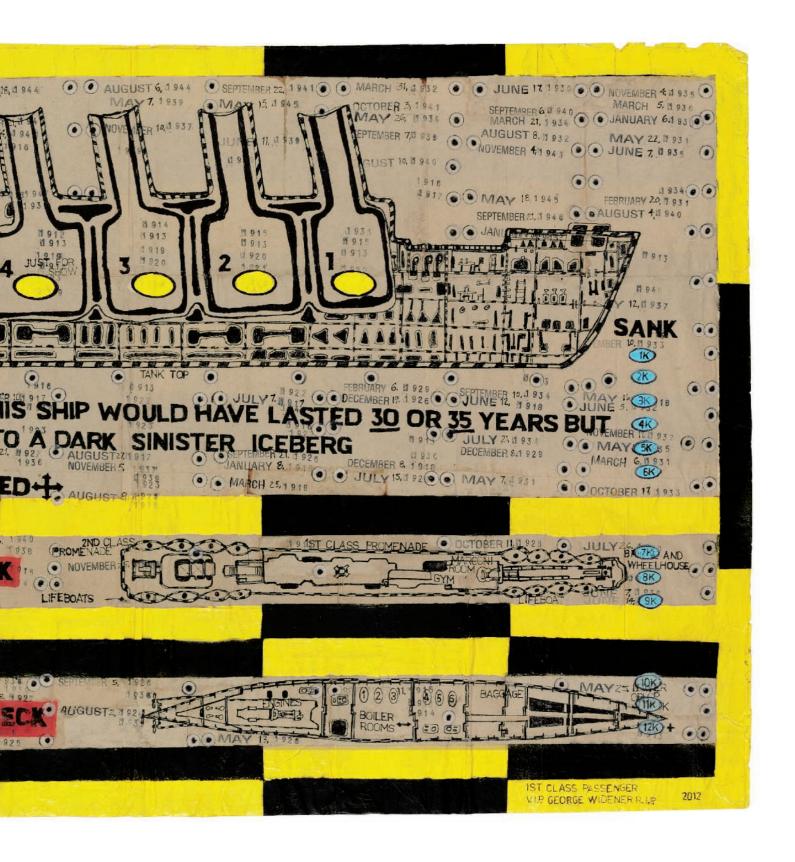
Henry Boxer Gallery, London (acquired directly from the artist)

George Widener (b. 1962) has always been able to calculate numbers and patterns far beyond the capacity of an ordinary person. Diagnosed with Asperger syndrome and recognized as a numerical savant, he keeps a series of notebooks in which he records meaningful dates, numbers and historical events. Dates are particularly important to the artist, who notes that they "are not a single static item that people perceive them as, they're part of a vast interconnected network. The dates of the last century have a dynamic connection to the dates of today as well as the future" (all quotes via personal communication from Widener, 19 November 2015).

Much of Widener's oeuvre has grappled with the sinking of the *Titanic*. After discovering that the Philadelphia businessman and arts patron George Widener went down with the ship, and because his fiftieth birthday fell on the year of the hundredth anniversary of the tragedy, Widener feels personally connected with the vessel. He also sees associations between current events and the ship's fate, "The [sinking of the] Titanic was an unbelievable thing that shocked people. As with a lot of the tragic things going on today, it's pertinent to ask ourselves what's being lost. The events at Palmyra, destroying the 2,000-year-old Roman architecture, not only has impact when it is reported on Monday October 5, 2015, but also on October 5, 2567, which also happens to be a Monday." Titanic (1912-1947) pays homage to the idea of memory and what might have been. In the work, Widener is "talking about the dates that never were, the loss of the people."

The artist considers his *oeuvre* to be less about his intricate and often ethereal mark-making than about the specific mathematical themes he addresses. He creates works as much for the theoretical beauty of their numerical patterns as for their visual appeal. Widener believes that his pieces are in conversation with On Kawara's (1933-2014) conceptual work with dates "albeit in a whimsical Asperger's fashion." While he undoubtedly began his career as an Outsider artist, Widener has become conversant in art world concerns and his work seems to occupy a liminal space between "insider" and "outsider" creation.







5

WILLIAM EDMONDSON (1874-1951)

Boxer, circa 1936

limestone

17 in. high, 7 ¼ in. wide, 9 ¼ in. deep

\$150,000-250,000

PROVENANCE:

John Henry and Ruth S. Denton, New Jersey and California (acquired directly from the artist in 1949) Thence by descent in the family

EXHIBITED:

Nashville, Tennessee, Cheekwood Museum of Art, William Edmondson and Friends: Breaking the Mold, 27 September 2014 - 4 January 2015.

An iconic masterwork by renowned African American artist William Edmondson (1874-1951), Boxer is an incredibly sophisticated object. Likely modeled after Joe Louis, it is one of the most important sculptures created in interwar America. With cocked arms and a steady stance, the figure angles towards the viewer, ready to jab at any moment. This forward motion pushes the athlete to the limits of the limestone block from which he emerged, while the seat on the back of the sculpture serves as a counterbalance that grounds the scene and, practically, prevents the work from listing forward. The artist's great skill with a chisel is evident in the various textures: marks that form the boxer's hair are finessed to create a mottled surface, while smooth contours render the seams of his outfit, the details of his face and his raised gloves. The figure's arms and stance transmit harnessed energy; his position transforms the heavy stone to a body in motion. He is strong. He is powerful. And, above all, he represents those attributes within African American society.

One of only two pugilists carved by the artist, *Boxer* is a reflection of American popular culture of the era and shows Edmondson's pride in his cultural identity. Kept on a shelf protected by an overhang in Edmondson's Nashville, Tennessee yard, *Boxer* was by many accounts one of the artist's favorite works (personal communication from Mark Schlicher, producer of the forthcoming Edmondson documentary *Chipping Away*, 16 November 2015). In 1941 famed photographer Edward Weston documented the sculpture and its placement; the picture (fig. 1) is a revealing look at an arrangement of pieces Edmondson held dear.

Before Mohammed Ali, before Mike Tyson, and before megamillion-dollar pay-per-view contracts, boxing was about national identity, and the sport allowed for social mobility of different races and classes in the United States. Edmondson created his *Boxer* to commemorate a moment when minorities could accomplish great feats that transcended race. In this era two star African American boxers, Jack Johnson (1878-1946) and Joe Louis (1914-1981), achieved heights of success and fame few blacks had previously felt possible. Johnson was Edmondson's contemporary, and the artist must have grown up hearing of Johnson's successes in the ring and tribulations outside it. Louis was a rising star in the mid-1930s (when the sculpture was carved), and his image would have been visible to Edmondson in a range of press, media and literature of the time. The two athletes conducted themselves very differently,

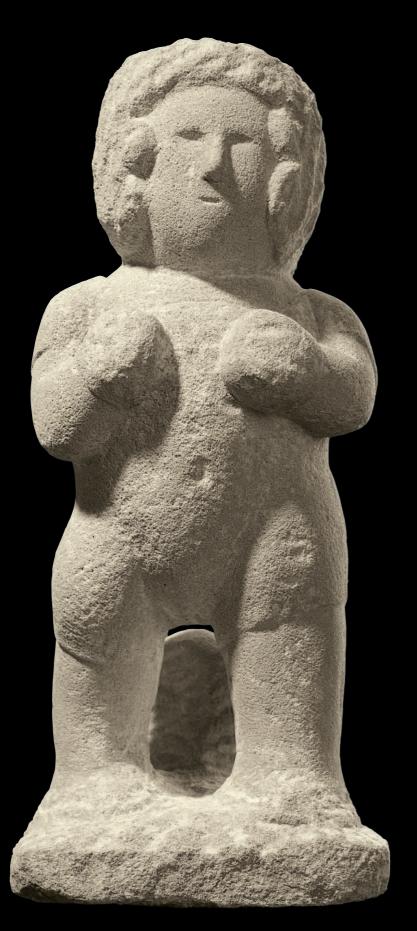






Fig. 1 Edward Weston, Stone Sculpture, William Edmondson, 1941, Courtesy Collection Center for Creative Photography,

© Arizona Board of Regents. This photograph shows the present lot, Boxer, displayed under a protective overhang in Edmondson's yard.

but they both served as models for African American achievement at times when segregation reigned. In his essay "Tricksters, Martyrs, Black Firsts" in Souls Grown Deep, John W. Roberts discusses the importance of Johnson and Louis as "Black Firsts" in the world of champion boxing. Roberts notes that while Louis was not in fact a "first" in this arena (that honor belongs to Johnson), he is often discussed as such because he was a universally respected figure while Johnson's antics outside the ring made him a divisive character (William Arnett, ed., Souls Grown Deep, vol. 2 (Atlanta, 2001), p. 87).

Born in Galveston, Texas, Johnson was World Heavyweight Champion from 1908 through 1915, and was still boxing exhibition matches well into his 50s. After he won the Championship title in 1908, members of the boxing community sought a match up with a white boxer to re-establish white supremacy both in and out of the ring. On July 4, 1910, James J. Jeffries, an athlete dubbed "The Great White Hope," came out of retirement to take on the challenge. Johnson won this widely publicized battle, and race riots (instigated by white Americans) broke out across the country. A divisive figure because he pushed social boundaries and norms, Johnson was vilified by white society. He was arrested on multiple occasions, often because he refused to obey race-related restrictions. He was a known womanizer who dated and married white women. He was a strong and defiant character who refused to adhere to segregation laws and social norms, making him a pioneer towards equality albeit with a brusque attitude that was not universally appreciated by the African American community at the time. His image nevertheless appeared in countless newspapers, advertisements, and other print material beginning in the early 1900s.

Alabama-born "Brown Bomber" Louis carefully created a public persona that stood in stark contrast to Johnson's. Louis was a star athlete who maintained a gentlemanly demeanor in sport and in life. He did not overtly challenge the

segregated societal status guo in his lifestyle or attitudes, and as a result earned respect for his fighting skills across racial lines. According to Louis' son, Joe Louis Jr., "What my father did was enable white America to think of him as an American, not as a black" (Larry Schwartz, "Brown Bomber was a Hero to All," ESPN.com). This was solidified in 1938 when Louis fought German boxer Max Schmeling: "Schmeling was portrayed by Adolf Hitler as an exemplar of Aryan supremacy...Seventy-thousand packed into Yankee Stadium to see Louis destroy Schmeling in less than a round" (Ben Dirs, "Heavyweight Histrionics," BBC.com, 27 June 2011, accessed online). Louis was thus admired by African American communities for his success and his ability to transcend racial lines, and stood as a beacon of triumph and hope in a very segregated and violent society. He was World Heavyweight Champion from June 1937 through February 1949, and was named AP Athlete of the year in 1935. Through the mid-1930s, Louis was featured in *The Ring, Literary* Digest and Radio Guide magazines, and was the subject of Joe Louis: The Brown Bomber (Racine, Wisconsin, 1936).

The other documented boxer in Edmondson's *oeuvre*, now in the collection of the Newark Museum, was acquired by sculptor Jack Kershaw via the Work Projects Administration in 1940 or 1941. Kershaw recalled that Edmondson named the piece "Jack Johnson" (Angela Wibking, "Carving a Name," *Nashville Scene*, 27 January 2000), though this attribution may have been as much for his audience as about his sculpting inspiration, since Kershaw was a supporter of segregation and white supremacy who would have seen the irony in acquiring a sculpture depicting an outspoken and defiant African American talent. However, the hair and pose of the present *Boxer* are particularly reminiscent of Joe Louis, seen here in a 1936 photograph (fig 2). The *Boxer*'s stance is in keeping with the athlete's posture in the multiple, frequent depictions of Louis circulating widely at that time. Edmondson also preserves the athlete's swooping neckline and style of shorts in his limestone interpretation.



Fig. 2 Joe Louis, 1936. Courtesy mptvimages.com

Regardless, *Boxer* is more than an image of Louis or any individual athlete. When considered alongside Edmondson's larger body of work, he also represents boxers as a symbol of modern day African American triumph. Much in the way Edmondson's sculptures of schoolteachers, church ladies and mothers are icons of black empowerment and faith, his *Boxer* is a representation and icon of cultural strength. The sculpture may be composed from images of Louis or be named after Johnson, but Edmondson's modernist, sophisticated carving technique distills the form to a figure that stands for all boxers, and that represents the hope, energy and strength embodied by the two great black boxers of Edmondson's lifetime.

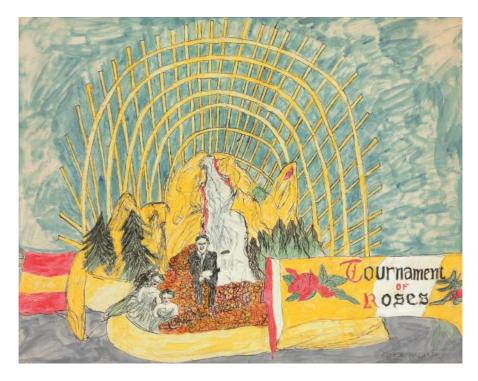
Born to former slaves on a farm near Nashville, Tennessee, Edmondson moved with his family to Nashville proper around 1890 when urban expansion obliterated his childhood farm. He held two jobs for much of his adult life: from 1900 to 1907 he worked for the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Railway, and from around 1907 to 1931 he served as a janitor at the Nashville Woman's Hospital. While he did not come to artmaking until his late fifties, Edmondson had long dabbled with stonemasonry. His first foray possibly occurred in the late 1890s, when he likely worked on the construction of stone fences at Whitland Farm in present-day southwest Nashville. He was employed again as a stonemason during the early years of the Great Depression (Ann Percy with Cara Zimmerman, Great and Mighty Things: Outsider Art from the Jill and Sheldon Bonovitz Collection (Philadelphia, 2013), pp. 67-68). After losing his job at the Woman's Hospital in the early 1930s, Edmondson established a stonecutting business next to his home to create tombstones for his community. Over time, he also began to carve freestanding sculptures of religious figures, famous and local people, and various animals. Edmondson carved from blocks of locally gathered discarded building limestone and, on occasion, purchased stone from local suppliers.

Edmondson's yard quickly attracted attention from art lovers. In 1936 Vanderbilt University affiliate Sidney Hirsch came across Edmondson's yard, and he introduced his friends Alfred and Elisabeth Starr to the artist. The Starrs in turn brought Harper's Bazaar photographer Louise Dahl-Wolfe to the yard, and she photographed the artist and his work multiple times in 1936 and/or 1937. The two boxers can be dated to 1937 or earlier, as they appear in her images. After seeing the Dahl-Wolfe photographs, Alfred H. Barr, Jr., then-director of the Museum of Modern Art, New York, authorized a 1937 exhibition of works by the sculptor, making Edmondson the first African American to have a solo exhibition at MoMA. Throughout the 1930s and 1940s Edmondson's home remained a destination, drawing visitors such as famed photographer Weston. The artist also received support from the Work Projects Administration during this time; he worked for the organization from 20 November 1939 to 6 July 1940 (under the supervision of Kershaw), and from 11 November 1940 to 26 June 1941 (Cheekwood Museum of Art, The Art of William Edmondson (Nashville and Jackson, Mississippi, 1999), p. 43).

In 1949 the New Jersey-based Denton family visited Edmondson's yard. As the artist showed the family around, they noticed *Boxer* standing on his protected ledge. Edmondson was reportedly reluctant to part with the sculpture, but Ruth Denton, who adored the object, convinced him to sell her the piece. *Boxer* remained with Mrs. Denton's descendants until its inclusion in this sale.



(alternate view)



PROPERTY OF A PRIVATE COLLECTOR

6

JUSTIN MCCARTHY (1891-1977)

Tournament of Roses, circa 1965 signed JUSTIN McCARTHY lower right side watercolor, graphite and ink on cardboard 22 x 28 in.

\$2,000-4,000

PROVENANCE:

Epstein/Powell Gallery, New York

XHIBITED:

Oceanville, New Jersey, the Noyes Museum of Art, The Cinematic 'I': Justin McCarthy, American Maverick Painter, 20 June - 3 October 1999.



PROPERTY OF A PRIVATE COLLECTOR

7

SCOTTIE WILSON (1888-1972)

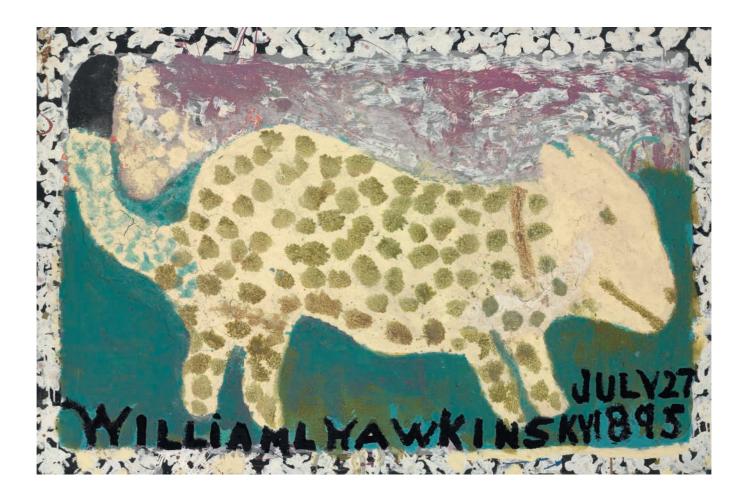
Untitled, circa 1945

signed *SCOTTIE* lower right side ink and crayon on paper 19 ¼ x 15 ¼ in.

\$1,500-3,000

PROVENANCE:

Jennifer Pinto Safian, New York



PROPERTY FROM AN IMPORTANT PRIVATE AMERICAN COLLECTION

8

WILLIAM HAWKINS (1895-1990)

Spotted Leopard, 1988

signed $\it WILLiAML HAWKINS$ along bottom edge enamel and cornmeal on Masonite 48×72 in.

\$20,000-40,000

PROVENANCE

Ricco/Maresca Gallery, New York (acquired directly from the artist)

Renowned self-taught artist William Hawkins (1895-1990) is known for his graphic, large-scale images depicting animals, architecture, religious scenes and historic events. *Spotted Leopard*, like many of his animal-centric works, was likely inspired by a print source. In addition to arresting color palettes and rich, pooled paint surfaces, Hawkins's best works can incorporate unconventional artmaking materials, seen here with the inclusion of cornmeal under the top layer of enamel. This built-up, grainy texture provides mass to the animal and evokes the leopard's fur. Hawkins painted decorative borders directly on his pieces, and took great pride in his role as an artist, always signing his work in large block lettering. Here, a spotted border circles the Masonite, while the artist's name and birth date are prominently rendered along the work's lower edge.

Hawkins was raised on a farm in Kentucky and attended school through third grade. He moved to Columbus, Ohio in 1916, where he held jobs ranging from plumber to truck driver to brothel manager. He also served in the military during World War I. Although Hawkins began creating art in his thirties, he did not earn public recognition until 1981 when Columbus artist Lee Garrett first noticed and promoted his work.



verso

PROPERTY FROM AN IMPORTANT PRIVATE AMERICAN COLLECTION

9

BILL TRAYLOR (1854-1949)

Three Figures with Dog, Bird and Construction, 1939-1942 tempera and graphite on back of heavy card *Dreams* and *Mounds* candy poster 12 ¼ x 6 ¾ in.

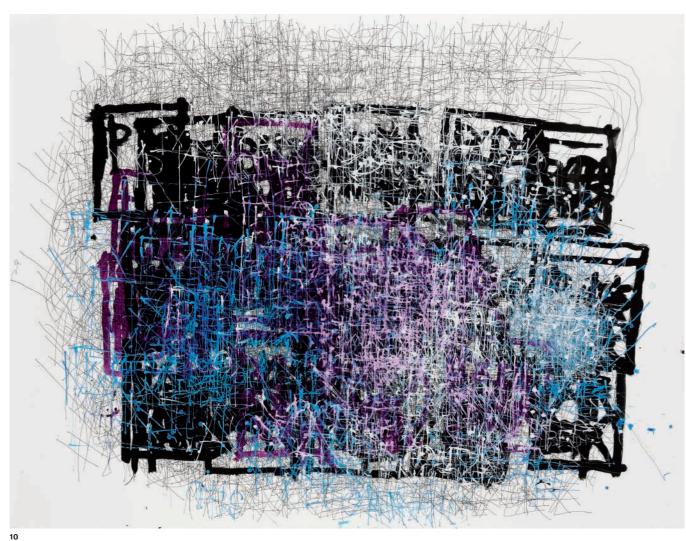
\$40,000-80,000

PROVENANCE:

Hirshl & Adler Modern, New York The Mayor Gallery, London After a lifetime on a plantation, former slave Bill Traylor (1854-1949) moved to Montgomery, Alabama. Crippled with rheumatism, he began to draw. From a doorstep on Monroe Street he rendered starkly modernist farm animals, architectural elements, dancing, drinking and fighting figures, and other images evoking his current and previous experiences.

Three Figures with Dog, Bird and Construction is one of Traylor's "exciting events," as it includes multiple figures and animals interacting on and around an abstracted structural element. Traylor was inspired by the architecture of Montgomery, and research by Fred Baron and Jeffrey Wolf suggests that some of the artist's delineated constructions drew from the 1885 Court Square Fountain by Frederick MacMonnies, visible from the doorstep where Traylor worked (High Museum of Art, Bill Traylor: Drawings from the Collections of the High Museum of Art and the Montgomery Museum of Fine Arts (Atlanta, 2012), p. 25). The abstracted construction in this composition, with its circular base and spout-like center, indeed seems to reference the Court Square landmark.





PROPERTY FROM A PRIVATE NEW YORK COLLECTION

10

DAN MILLER (B. 1961)

Untitled

ink and acrylic on paper 42 ½ x 54 ½ in.

\$4,000-6,000

PROVENANCE:

Creative Growth, Oakland, California (acquired directly from the artist)

PROPERTY FROM THE COLLECTION OF SUSAN AND STEPHEN PITKIN

11

THORNTON DIAL (B. 1928)

Hard Labor, 1998

initialed *TD* upper right carpet, rope, metal, fabric, industrial modeling compound and paint on plywood 48 in. high, 48 in. wide, 3 in. deep

\$20,000-40,000

PROVENANCE

William Arnett, Atlanta, Georgia (acquired directly from the artist)



Hailing from Alabama, Thornton Dial (b. 1928) had a long career as a railroad welder for the Pullman Standard Company before he turned to art. Throughout his practice, Dial has repurposed found materials, sometimes in homage to their original purpose, sometimes in the service of new narratives. Hard Labor is a wash bucket surrounded by flowers and a fire; it speaks to women's work. It is also an ode to the deep South in keeping with Dial's frequent depictions of Southern rural life, which are often "rendered in a muted palette and composed of tattered...materials [that] reify the passage of time and offer a haunting tribute to a past marked by deprivation and adversity" (Joanne Cubbs and Eugene Metcalf, eds., Hard Truths: The Art of Thornton Dial (Indianapolis, 2011), p. 107). Dial's respect for women - and their difficult jobs as cleaners, cooks, gardeners and caretakers - is expressed through the tub and celebrated in the roses that flank the canvas. These flowers, made from found cloth, repurpose the rags of domesticity to a beautiful end.

Dial's titles are integral elements of his process, and they lead viewers to find meaning in sometimes abstract visual scenes. "Hard" is a keyword that recurs in many instances. In the Roosevelt Time (Hard Labor), a drawing now in the collection of the Philadelphia Museum of Art, depicts a woman picking cotton; Hard Truths was the name of the artist's most recent touring retrospective. The works and projects that share and incorporate this word can reveal social struggles of African Americans, challenges faced by women, or political problems in America. Taken as a whole, the artist's "hard" works and projects are a succinct and poignant cross-section of his oeuvre.

Dial has been the subject of several retrospectives, including the major 2011 touring exhibition *Hard Truths: The Art of Thornton Dial*, organized by the Indianapolis Museum of Art. His work is in many museum collections including the Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York, the Philadelphia Museum of Art, and the Smithsonian American Art Museum, Washington, D.C. Dial's work will feature prominently in an upcoming exhibition of Southern African American Vernacular Art at the Metropolitan Museum of Art.



PROPERTY FROM THE COLLECTION OF SELIG AND ANGELA SACKS

12

MARTÍN RAMÍREZ (1895-1963)

Untitled (Seven Stags), 1953

dated by Tarmo Pasto $Sept\,1953$ upper right corner graphite and crayon on pieced paper 28×24 in.

\$60,000-100,000

PROVENANCE:

Tarmo Pasto (acquired directly from the artist)
Phyllis Kind Gallery, Chicago
Karen Lennox, Chicago
Private Collection, Florida
Karen Lennox Gallery, Chicago

EXHIBITED:

Mexico City, Centro Cultural/Arte Contemporaneo, *Martín Ramírez: Pintor Mexicano*, 1989.

LITERATURE:

Centro Cultural/Arte Contemporaneo, Martín Ramírez: Pintor Mexicano (Mexico City, 1989), p. 135.





Martín Ramírez (1895-1963), known for his mesmerizing, dynamic line drawings, employed spit and oatmeal to bind papers into larger artmaking surfaces. In *Untitled (Seven Stags)*, the artist adhered construction paper and a thick repurposed cream-colored stock to create a visually active ground. The composition's central stag, which dominates the larger sheet, stares at the viewer. His furrowed brows and large eyes are anthropomorphized; his antlers gracefully echo the thin lines that run up his back and denote his spine. His blue and yellow ears pop forward on the page. A proscenium of lyrical lines create space and depth around the animal. The image of the stag, his head lowered and nose flared, is echoed six more times along the lower edge of the drawing. This chorus of beasts is in conversation with the central figure; their yellow bodies form a visual tie to the color of the construction paper.

Ramírez drew what he knew, from animals and horsemen he saw in his native Mexico to railroads and cars that marked his early experiences in the United States. The artist was born in Jalisco, Mexico, and spent five years as a sharecropper and journeyman laborer in the municipality of Tototlan before purchasing a small piece of land near his native town. He had difficulty repaying the loans used to buy his land, so he left for the United States in search of temporary work on August 24, 1925. In January 1931 Ramírez was picked up by the San Joaquin County, California, police and sent to the Stockton State Hospital with a diagnosis of manic depression (later changed to "dementia praecox, catatonic form," now known as schizophrenia). Transferred to the DeWitt State Hospital in Auburn, California, in 1948, he remained institutionalized until his death on February 17, 1963.

After the artist's arrival at DeWitt, psychologist Dr. Tarmo Pasto noticed Ramírez's drawings and began to provide the artist with a steady supply of paper and pencils, to preserve his work and to arrange exhibitions. The first show of Ramírez's art took place in 1951 at the E. B. Crocker Art Gallery in Sacramento, California. In November 1952 Pasto mounted an exhibition of Ramírez's work in the women's clubrooms of Stephens Union at the University of California, Berkeley. These early exhibitions of Ramírez's work displayed the pieces as the output of an anonymous institutionalized schizophrenic, presenting the objects as curious looks into their creator's mental state rather than as art.

In 1973, Phyllis Kind Gallery in Chicago changed how the world saw Ramírez's work. Kind, along with gallerist Karen Lennox, mounted the first exhibition of the drawings to focus on the formal qualities of Ramírez's art rather than on his mental state. The artist's name and artistry were celebrated. *Untitled (Seven Stags)* was included in this 1973 exhibition, and was one of the first Ramírez drawings Lennox encountered. Lennox believes it had been previously exhibited in one of the 1950s shows, as "when the initial estate arrived at Phyllis Kind Gallery, [this piece] was mounted on card. It was the gallery's assumption that the pieces had been mounted for the Crocker show" (personal communication from Lennox, 12 November 2015).

Ramírez's work has been the subject of major exhibitions at Moore College of Art in Philadelphia, the Centro Cultural de Arte Contemporáneo in Mexico City, the American Folk Art Museum in New York, and the Museo Nacional Centro de Arte Reina Sofía in Madrid. In 2015, the United States Postal Service launched a postage stamp featuring Ramírez's drawings; one of the works selected features a stag in a proscenium.

Untitled (Seven Stags) has been granted clear title by the artist's estate.



PROPERTY OF A GENTLEMAN

13

JAMES CASTLE (1899-1977)

Untitled (Farmscape with three sheds, freestanding door and totems)

soot and spit on found paper $5 \times 10 \frac{1}{2}$ in.

\$5,000-10,000

PROVENANCE:

J. Crist Gallery, Boise Idaho Gallery Paule Anglim, San Francisco, California

EXHIBITED

Philadelphia, Philadelphia Museum of Art, *James Castle: A Retrospective*, 14 October 2008 - 4 January 2009.

LITERATURE

Ann Percy, ed., James Castle: A Retrospective (Philadelphia, 2008), p. 10.

For information on the artist and his farmscapes, see lot 1.



PROPERTY OF A PRIVATE COLLECTOR

14

REVEREND WILLIAM A. BLAYNEY (1918-1985)

Antichrist Kingdom, dated 1961

signed *Wm A Blayney* lower right edge oil on canvas board 28 x 22 in., including original frame

\$8,000-12,000

PROVENANCE:

Phyllis Kind Gallery, New York

The central image of this painting by Reverend William A. Blayney (1918-1985) features a foreboding figure with oversized feet on top of the globe. Around this vista of the world, didactic imagery is laid out on a lavender background. Angels, a demon and a vice, and the four horsemen of the apocalypse surround the panel, supplemented by notations of biblical passages and a not-so-subtle

nod to "Hell" as written out by a horseman's rope. An early, pedagogic example of Blayney's avidly religious paintings, it articulates the push and pull of redemption and sin.

Born in Western Pennsylvania, Blayney served in the U.S. Air Corps in World War II and, following an honorable discharge, opened a garage and repair shop in Pittsburgh. In the late 1950s, Blayney underwent a profound religious conversion and felt it his mission to spread the word of God. He moved to Thomas, Oklahoma, where he began to preach and paint his religious images; in 1969 he was ordained by the Pentecostal Ministry. Blayney began to paint in 1957, around the time he was compelled to take up his religious cause. His works deal with imagery from the Bible and center around the redemptive power of God. The artist had a particular interest in the Book of Revelation. *Antichrist Kingdom* is an early work by Blayney, and a sort of Rosetta stone for the many paintings of Revelation he would subsequently render.

PROPERTY FROM THE COLLECTION OF SELIG AND ANGELA SACKS

15

ADOLF WÖLFLI (1864-1930)

Lagerfeuer

signed *Adolf II* colored pencil and graphite on paper 12 % x 9 % in.

\$10,000-20,000

PROVENANCE:

Gérard A. Schreiner and John L. Notter Robert M. Greenberg, New York Sold, Christie's, New York, 27 January 2003, lot 49

EXHIBITED:

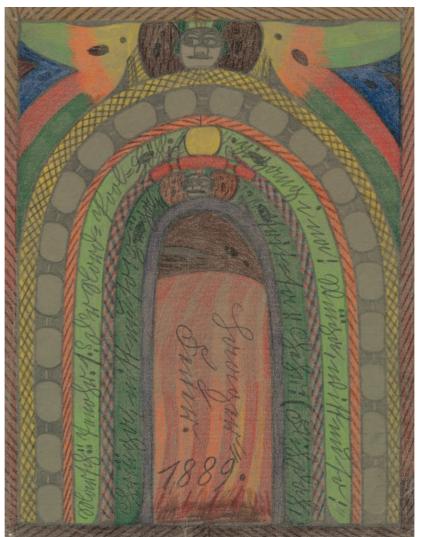
New York, Rosa Esman Gallery, European Outsiders: An Exhibition of Art Brut, October - November 1986.

LITERATURE

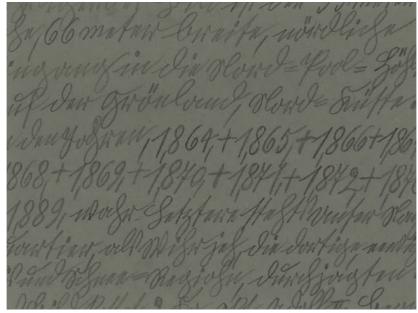
Rosa Esman Gallery, European Outsiders: An Exhibition of Art Brut (New York, 1986), p. 118.

Adolf Wölfli (1864-1930), known for his colorful intricate drawings filled with imagined autobiographical details, is one of the foundational figures of Art Brut. The artist began to draw shortly after his 1895 admission to the Waldau Clinic in Bern, Switzerland, and Dr. Walter Morgenthaler, a psychiatrist at the clinic, took interest in his output. In 1921, Morgenthaler published the nowseminal text Ein Geisteskranker als Künstler (A Psychiatric Patient as Artist), a full-length study of Wölfli's life and art. Years later, in a 1965 exhibition catalogue for the eleventh Exposition International du Surréalisme. famous surrealist Andre Breton wrote that Wölfli's "vivid creations...as an ensemble represent one of the three or four most important oeuvres of the twentieth century" (Elka Spoerri and Daniel Baumann, The Art of Adolf Wölfli (New York, 2003), p. 33). In 2015, Wölfli's drawings featured prominently in the critically acclaimed exhibition Art Brut in America: The Incursion of Jean Dubuffet at the American Folk Art Museum, in New York. Nearly a century after its initial publication and notice, the artist's work continues to command attention, reiterating Wölfli's place as a star of Outsider Art and Art Brut.

Wölfli's magnum opus, a multi-volume, 25,000-page epic illustrated text, chronicled his imagined life as a knight, an emperor and a saint. In addition to these bound books, the artist rendered single-sheet drawings he called portraits. Whether in notebooks or on loose-leaf paper, his works are dense, colored-filled images supported by text and, at times, musical compositions. This vibrant portrait bears the date 1889 (though it was likely created later) and is signed *Adolf II*, a reference to the artist's self-fashioned identity of "St. Adolf II," a persona that appears in his texts around 1916. Here, the artist's alter ego surveys the page from the top center, surrounded by bright greens, oranges and yellow fashioned into archways and patterns.



recto



verso

PROPERTY FROM AN IMPORTANT PRIVATE AMERICAN COLLECTION

16

BILL TRAYLOR (1854-1949)

Man With A Plow, 1939

dated by Charles Shannon *July* 1939 on verso graphite on back of *Granger Pipe Tobacco* poster 14 % x 19 % in.

\$40,000-80,000

PROVENANCE:

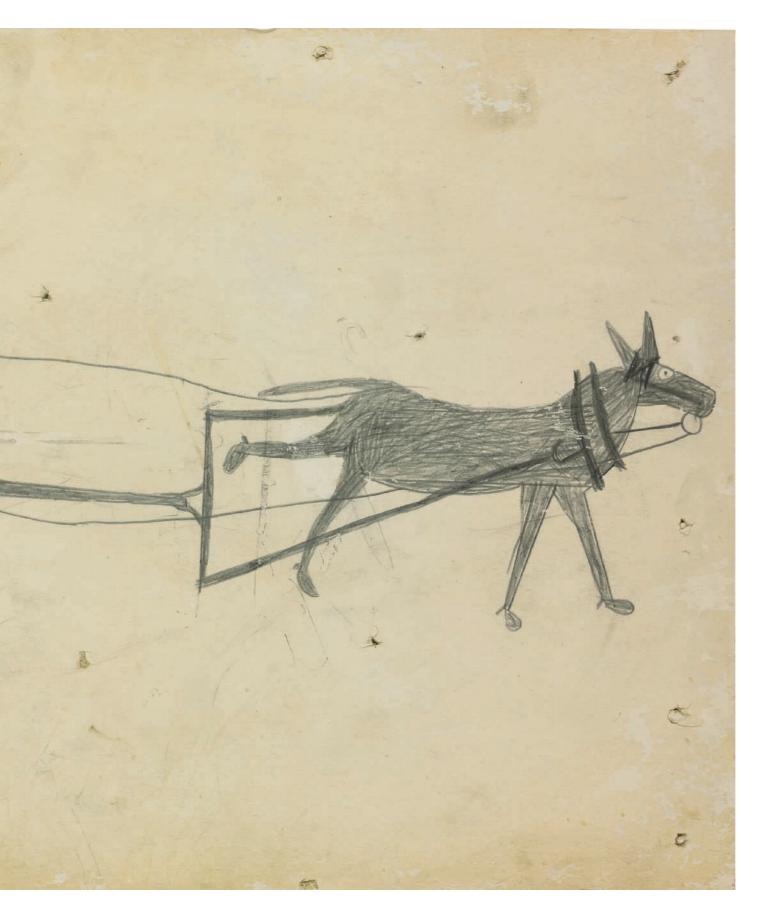
The Mayor Gallery, London

Man with a Plow, by celebrated self-taught artist Bill Traylor (1854-1949), is dated to July 1939, making it among the earlier recorded works by the artist. After a lifetime on a plantation, former slave Traylor moved to Montgomery, Alabama, and began to draw. In the spring or summer of 1939, Traylor met artist Charles Shannon, who began to provide Traylor with artmaking materials and preserve the older artist's drawings.

Traylor drew on found or repurposed cardboard. *Man with a Plow* is rendered on the reverse of a tobacco poster, the punctures in the card indicators of where the advertisement was adhered to a wall or billboard. Here, the artist erased and reworked; he considered the positioning of the plow in relation to the mule. This drawing reveals the hallmarks of Traylor's graphic, geometric images, and the surface of the card also tells a rich and layered story of how the artist approached his early compositions.









recto

PROPERTY FROM AN EAST COAST COLLECTION

17

CHARLES A. A. DELLSCHAU (1830-1923)

Long Tour Aero Cod (double sided), 1919 watercolor, graphite and collage on paper 17 ½ x 16 in.

\$20,000-30,000

PROVENANCE:

Stephen Romano Gallery, Brooklyn, New York

LITERATURE:

Thomas McEvilley et al., Charles A. A. Dellschau (Seattle, 2013), p. 237.

In Sonora, California, a mysterious group of aeronautical aficionados, including Peter Mennis, George Newell, August Schoetler and Christian Axel von Roemeling founded the Sonora Aero Club. The club rendered plans for airships, held discussions about fuel components, debated engineering techniques and - most intriguingly - may have existed only in the mind of Charles A. A. Dellschau (1830-1923). To date, scholars do not know whether the club, or the discussed members, were real or figments of the artist's imagination (*Charles A. A. Dellschau*, pp. 26, 41).

Dellschau, an immigrant from Berlin who settled in the Houston area, worked as a butcher for most of his life and turned to writing his memoirs and recording the accompanying airships only after his retirement. His connection with the real or imagined California-based Aero Club is chronicled in three memoir manuscripts, and later in notebooks that contained mixed-media "plates" (pages) of airships amidst "press blooms" (articles clipped from newspapers). Each page is dated and numbered



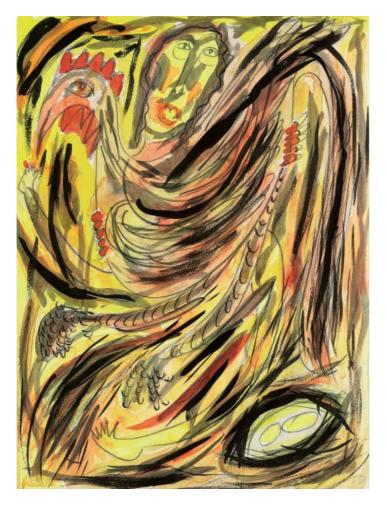
verso

sequentially, providing a clear chronology to the work. Twelve of these notebooks survive, though gaps in Dellschau's consistent numbering system indicates there were more.

The mixed media drawings on this plate, dated Saturday, March 8, 1919 (recto) and Wednesday, March 12, 1919 (verso) and numbered 4328 and 4329 respectively, demonstrate Dellschau's various techniques. 4328 is dominated by a press bloom entitled "Winds and the Trans-Atlantic Flight," whose thesis states, "Past performances of Zeppelins, Italian airships, giant Handley-Page airplanes and large flying boats bear out the prediction that there are machines in existence today that are perfectly capable of making a trans-Atlantic flight." Above and beside this two-column article, Dellschau rendered a flag-like patriotic swag, the red, white and blue bands articulating the nationalistic pride the artist felt at the possibility of this type of journey. The overall form around the text columns is shaped like one of Dellschau's airships, creating an image of air travel both visually and intellectually,

through pictorial outline and through words. In three corners of the drawing, Dellschau wrote, in bold yellow and red block capital lettering, MAY BEES (upper left), WILL BEES (upper right) and CALCULATION (lower right), each referring to the central article.

4329 is an image of a red, green and black balloon-like ship, the "Long Tour Aero Cod." Its pilot is visible in the right-hand window. The machine, complete with gears and wheels, is rendered active through dotted lines that indicate the movements and directions of its various structural components. The sky blue background of the page is gridded, allowing for more accurate rendering of this ship. A small press bloom is incorporated into the upper left of the work, reading, "Captain Coli is planning an aeroplane flight across the Atlantic, and those who think it can't be done had better not let Coliseum." Whether Dellschau saw the humor and incorporated this blurb as the pun it is designed to be, or whether he included it in earnestness because of the reference to trans-Atlantic travel, its inclusion adds whimsy to the work.



PROPERTY FROM THE COLLECTION OF SUSAN AND STEPHEN PITKIN

18

THORNTON DIAL (B. 1928)

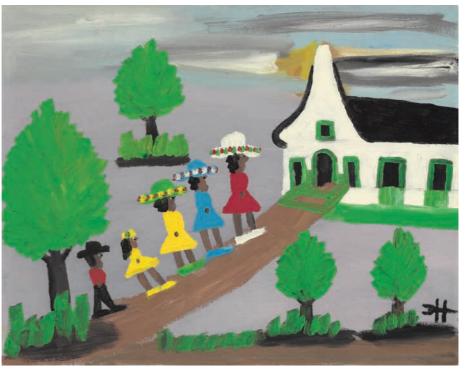
Rooster Life, 1991

initialed *TD* lower right corner graphite, charcoal and watercolor on paper 30 x 22 ½ in.

\$3,000-5,000

PROVENANCE:

William Arnett, Atlanta, Georgia (acquired directly from the artist)



PROPERTY OF A SOUTHERN LADY

10

CLEMENTINE HUNTER (1886/7-1988)

Going to Church, circa 1960 initialed CH lower right side oil on canvas board Sight 15 % x 19 % in.

\$2,000-4,000

PROVENANCE:

Gasperi Gallery, New Orleans

This work has been authenticated by Clementine Hunter expert Tom Whitehead. For more information on the artist, see lot 3.



PROPERTY FROM THE COLLECTION OF SUSAN AND STEPHEN PITKIN

20

THORNTON DIAL (B. 1928)

Moving the Fallen Tree, 1993

initialed TD on bottom left

carpet roping, sheet metal, industrial modeling compound and enamel paint on canvas and wood frame

30 ¼ in. high, 40 ¼ in. wide, 8 in. deep

\$15,000-30,000

PROVENANCE:

William Arnett, Atlanta, Georgia (acquired directly from the artist)

Moving the Fallen Tree depicts two men dragging a heavy log with rope. An abstracted image, the figures are at first concealed through a surface of painterly marks and built-up modeling compound, while the tree limbs are delineated through metal rather than wood, subverting the viewer's expectations. The rope and metal elements are dynamic, creating a circling movement around the work. Assembled from found objects and paint on plywood, this work's dense, thick surface is characteristic of the artist's wall mounted constructions, which blur boundaries between sculpture and painting. For more information on the artist, see lot 11.



recto (actual size)

PROPERTY FROM A PRIVATE NEW YORK COLLECTION

JAMES CASTLE (1899-1977)

Untitled (Interior scene with framed picture/Abstracted legs) (double sided)

signed James Castle lower right edge of interior scene soot and spit on found card $4 \times 5 \%$ in.

\$4,000-6,000

PROVENANCE:

J. Crist Gallery, Boise, Idaho

For more information on the artist, see lot 1.



verso (actual size)



PROPERTY FROM AN IMPORTANT PRIVATE AMERICAN COLLECTION

22

BILL TRAYLOR (1854-1949)

Rabbit Running, 1939-1942

signed *Bill trylor* top center tempera on found corrugated card 8 x 9 in.

\$20,000-40,000

PROVENANCE:

The Mayor Gallery, London

For more information on the artist, see lots 9 and 16.



PROPERTY OF A PRIVATE COLLECTOR

23

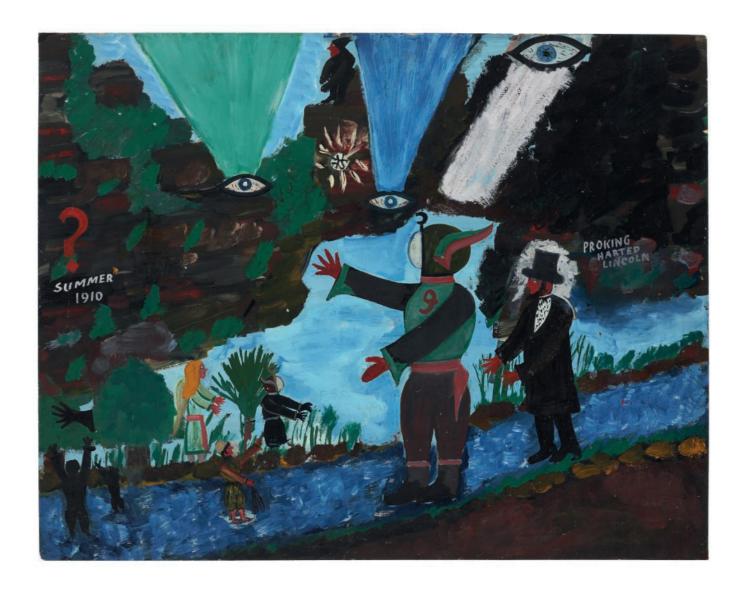
JUSTIN MCCARTHY (1891-1977)

Two Lions signed J McCARTHY lower right edge oil on board 15 ½ x 24 in.

\$2,000-4,000

PROVENANCE

Epstein/Powell Gallery, New York



PROPERTY OF A PRIVATE COLLECTOR

24

PETER ATTIE BESHARO (1898/9-1960)

Proking Harted Lincoln, circa 1950

acrylic and varnish on paperboard $22\% \times 28\%$ in.

\$8,000-12,000

PROVENANCE:

Phyllis Kind Gallery, New York

EXHIBITED

Baltimore, Maryland, The American Visionary Art Museum, We Are Not Alone - Angels and Other Aliens, 2 October 1999 - 3 September 2000.

In *Proking Harted Lincoln*, Abraham Lincoln follows an alien or space man down a river. Three all-seeing eyes hover above the men, revealing knowledge and insight to the American leader. Another space figure, an angel, and an Egyptian figure occupy the left side of the work, their arms outstretched to the larger men walking towards them. Peter Attie Besharo (1898/9-1960) immigrated to America from Syria around 1912 and settled in Leechburg, Pennsylvania. He worked first as a peddler selling sundries in nearby mining camps, and later as a housepainter. After his death, Besharo's landlord discovered 69 visionary paintings inside a garage that the artist had rented. The works, which conflate history and religion with time and space travel, are rendered in rich jewel-like colors and articulated with writings.



PROPERTY FROM THE COLLECTION OF SUSAN AND STEPHEN PITKIN

25

RONALD LOCKETT (1965-1998)

Drought, 1994

found plywood and sheet metal 30 in. high, 34 in. wide, 3 ½ in. deep

\$7,000-10,000

PROVENANCE:

William Arnett, Atlanta, Georgia (acquired directly from the artist)

Ronald Lockett (1965-1998), who lived in Bessemer, Alabama near his older cousin and artistic mentor Thornton Dial, experimented with various media and techniques throughout his short career. In 1992 or 1993, he began working with rusted sheet metal, using the monochromatic material as figure and ground, perforating his surfaces to create mass from negative space. By his death at age 32, the artist had created a body of work that considered memorialization on personal and large-scale levels; his pieces ranged in subject from his weakening body to national tragedy (including a series about the 1995 bombing of the Alfred P. Murrah Federal Building in Oklahoma City) to the disappearing natural world. In *Drought*, a stag seeks water in a barren landscape; the lost animal embodies Lockett's longstanding concerns of ephemerality, destruction and memory.

A major retrospective of Lockett's work, Fever Within: The Art of Ronald Lockett, will open at the American Folk Art Museum in New York on 21 June 2016 and travel to the High Museum of Art in Atlanta and the Ackland Art Museum in Chapel Hill, North Carolina. The exhibition will be accompanied by a significant scholarly catalogue.

PROPERTY FROM THE ESTATE OF JEAN PARDEE

26

EARL CUNNINGHAM (1893-1977)

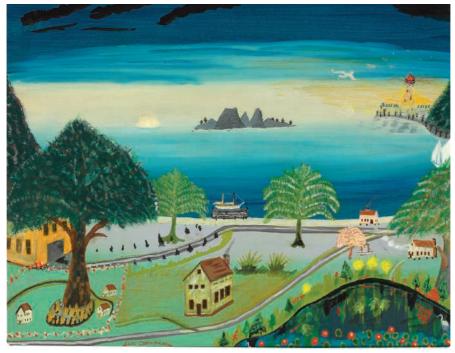
Tropical Landscape and Island, circa 1940

oil on Masonite 15 34 x 20 in.

\$5,000-10,000

PROVENANCE:

Debra Force Fine Art, New York



26

PROPERTY FROM A PRIVATE NEW YORK COLLECTION

27

ALBERT HOFFMAN (1915-1993)

Toothed Whale

base stamped .TOOTHED WHALE. on top right corner and AL.HOFFMAN on front right paint on wood overall 21 in. high, 49 in. long, 9 in. deep

\$3,000-5,000

PROVENANCE:

Andrew Edlin Gallery, New York (acquired directly from the artist's estate)

Born in Philadelphia, Albert Hoffman (1915-1993) had a lifelong connection to the sea. He caught fish during the Great Depression to supplement his family's income, served in the Navy during World War II, and eventually settled in Atlantic City along the ocean. *Toothed Whale*, like his other works of marine life, stems from his great respect for the water.



27

Lots 28-50

In March of 1976 I heard about a show that was opening at the Brooklyn Museum titled Folk Sculpture USA. I had a long-standing interest in folk sculpture and a lifetime passion for art, but I did not have a clue what to expect. Upon entering the exhibition, I was immediately struck by the presence of objects that I never knew existed: they were not necessarily pretty, cute or easy to digest, but they spoke to me with a power, elegance and directness that I had never encountered before. Moving from one object to the next and reading the accompanying captions, a name kept coming up over and over again... The Marvill Collection.

What was the Marvill Collection? Who were its prolific owners? I had to find out more. As it turned out, the "Marvills" were Marvin (Mickey) and Jill Baten. To say that the objects collected under that name were just marvelous would be a gross understatement. It was, for me, an epiphany. I was totally moved, blown away, indelibly marked. From that day, I was not the same person again. Most importantly, I was determined to learn as much as I could about the objects I had just discovered; to find out if there were more of them out there in the world. That day took me on a 35-year journey and was the beginning of a cherished friendship that continues to his day.

- Frank Maresca

arefully curated and developed over four decades, the Marvill Collection contains superb examples of American Outsider Art and vernacular sculpture. Some pieces within the collection are by well-known Outsider artists including William Hawkins, Eugene Von Bruenchenhein, Morton Bartlett and Thornton Dial. Others are works by unnamed makers whose sculptural sophistication supersedes their anonymity. Throughout, the collection revels in freedom of artistic expression and exploration of creativity, threads that unify the wide range of agendas embodied in these 23 lots.

The collection celebrates powerful objects and shows that pieces of all types – whether full-sized tin figures (lot 47) or gate weights (lot 46) – have the capacity to command notice and embody beauty when created with the highest levels of artistry. In some instances, surfaces expose the sculptures' histories, showing collaboration between artists and the passing of time. Weathered paint on *Bust of a Woman* (lot 42) hints at her original color scheme and shows a surface in continued evolution; *Swordfish Weathervane*'s patina (lot 48) developed when the object was exposed to the Maine elements

Other sculptures are mysterious objects, hinting at their original purposes through form, but not fully revealing their pasts. Dancing Root Figure (lot 31) is a magnificent carving discovered in New Orleans in the weeks after Hurricane Katrina. The careful rendering of his face and the preservation of his surface suggest the figure was carefully housed and important. Perhaps he was an object of New Orleans Voodoo culture. Monumental Torso (lot 37), found in upstate New York, has a recess in his back indicating he was originally mounted on a larger structure. What that structure was – a ship, a wagon, a building – is still unknown.

The Marvill Collection also includes flat art, comprising paintings, drawings, photographs, reliefs and embroidery. Two colorful, crisp enamel paintings by William Hawkins (lots 28 and 38), made circa 1982, should be examined in relation to the artist's other works of the early 1980s, while photographs by Morton Bartlett (lot 29) and Eugene Von Bruenchenhein (lot 30) are perhaps best explored through the other types of objects in the artists' *oeuvres*. However, as with the sculpture, the range and depth of the Marvill Collection guards against solely artist-led readings of flat art. *Peter Pill-Eater* (lot 45), a stellar, anonymous ink-on-paper drawing, has strong visual resonances with European *Art Brut* as well as Pennsylvania German fraktur. Two abstracted embroidered scenes of upstate New York (lot 41) are unpredictably stylized images that begin with – but rapidly depart from – traditional needlework agendas.



Over the decades Jill and Mickey Baten fearlessly acquired with an intuitive and incredible eye masterpieces of American folk and self-taught art that are shockingly, powerfully, totally fresh.

I met the Batens at my first gallery (Ricco/Johnson) when they came in response to an ad I'd placed for a sublime horse weathervane in weathered grained grey wood, its author unknown. They purchased it on the spot and at that moment began a mutual admiration and respect between the three of us. In a real sense the Batens are archeologists...rare collectors with an amazing eye who had the insight and curiosity to recognize, enjoy and preserve museum-worthy art so extraordinary in its content and made by unknown and barely-known masters within our American art heritage.

- Roger Ricco



28

WILLIAM HAWKINS (1895-1990)

Yaekle Building, dated 1982

signed and inscribed WILLIAM.L.HAWKINS BON IN JULY 27 - 1895 PAINt 1982 MARCH 20 to 30 enamel and glitter on thick paper $44 \times 52 \%$ in.

\$20,000-30,000

PROVENANCE:

Lee Garrett, Columbus, Ohio (acquired directly from the artist) Ricco/Maresca Gallery, New York

This is one of approximately five large-scale enamel-on-paper works completed by William Hawkins (1895-1990). The artist rendered three variations of the Yaekle building, a Columbus, Ohio landmark, one of which is a promised gift to the Philadelphia Museum of Art (BST-116). For more information on the artist, see lots 8 and 38.



29

MORTON BARTLETT (1909-1992)

Untitled (Ballerina), circa 1950 gelatin silver print 3½ x 4 ¼ in.

\$8,000-10,000

PROVENANCE:

Marion Harris, New York Ricco/Maresca Gallery, New York In the 25th anniversary report for Harvard University's class of 1932, Morton Bartlett (1909-1992) wrote, "My hobby is sculpting in plaster. Its purpose is that of all proper hobbies - to let out urges that do not find expression in other channels" (Ken Johnson, "The man who played with dolls," *The Boston Globe*, 29 July 2007). His plasterwork took the form of half-sized detailed, anatomically accurate dolls - twelve girls and three boys - ranging from ages 8 to 16. They featured detachable arms and legs that could be styled in various poses, and had a variety of tailored outfits appropriate for a range of settings.

A Phillips Exeter Academy graduate and a Harvard dropout, Bartlett first began doll making in 1936 and stopped in 1963. During this time, he also photographed his figures in various scenes and outfits, complete with dramatic lighting and the trappings of childhood. This photograph depicts one of the dolls practicing her arabesque in a sequin-encrusted tutu but no ballet slippers. She wears a tiara and her childhood curls flow down her shoulders. Bartlett photographed this composition from several different angles; two variants are illustrated in Marion Harris, Family Found: The Lifetime Obsession of Morton Bartlett (New York, 1994), pp. 38, 39. Bartlett's photographs document an intimacy between the artist and his dolls, each revealing Bartlett's pride in the figures and their activities. Approximately 200 original prints by the artist have survived, of which this is one.



30

EUGENE VON BRUENCHENHEIN (1910-1983)

Untitled (Marie with Pearls and a Snake), circa 1945 gelatin silver print 10×8 in.

\$4,000-6,000

PROVENANCE:

Lewis and Jean Greenblatt, Chicago Carl Hammer Gallery, Chicago Ricco/Maresca Gallery, New York

EXHIBITED:

New York, Ricco/Maresca Gallery, Marie: An Obsession, 1992.

During the first decade of their marriage, Eugene Von Bruenchenhein (1910-1983) photographed his young wife, Marie, in a series of provocative poses in their Wisconsin home. In these images, Marie is often adorned with objects purchased at the local five and dime. Fashioned from bolts of fabric,

Christmas tree ornaments, fake pearls, aluminum foil, and children's toys, these props transported Marie into a different world.

Von Bruenchenhein met Eveline "Marie" Kalke at the Wisconsin state fair in 1939. The couple married in 1943 in Milwaukee and moved into their first and only home together that same year. Von Bruenchenhein always considered himself an artist, and he saw his long-term job at a bakery only as a source of income and not as his true vocation. The hand-etched metal plaque Eugene hung in the kitchen of the Von Bruenchenhein home best describes his passions:

Eugene Von Bruenchenhein Free Lance Artist Poet and Sculptor inovator [sic] Arrow maker and Plant man Bone artifacts constructor Photographer and Architect Philosopher 3

AMERICAN, POSSIBLY NEW ORLEANS, LATE 19TH/EARLY 20TH CENTURY

Dancing Root Figure

paint, nails and putty on root wood 26 in. high, 25 in. wide, 5 in. deep

\$50,000-80,000

PROVENANCE:

Private Collection, New York Ricco/Maresca Gallery, New York Dancing Root Figure is a magnificent carving discovered in New Orleans following Hurricane Katrina in 2005. Likely created in the late 1800s, its whereabouts for a century remain a mystery.

The sculpture's carefully rendered face is animated and energized with exaggerated teeth and a straight nose. His twisted torso oscillates while his arms revel in the air. He swirls and twirls, inviting the viewer's eye around his form. The smallest of details are included: his fingernails and toenails are articulated, his beige and gold teeth are straight and prominently rendered in contrast to his salmon-colored lips. His skin is textured.

Root carvings have a long and rich history around the world, from Asia to Africa to the Americas, and serve as totemic objects as well as decorative ones. Many sculptors in the American South, such as African American artists Bessie Harvey (1929-1994) and Ralph Griffin (1925-1992), created forms from roots that allowed spirits and "deep feeling" to emerge

(William Arnett, ed., Souls Grown Deep, vol. 1 (Atlanta, 2000), p. 140). Similarly, Root Figure's movement and posture is directly dictated

by the original shape of the wood, and the carver allowed the spirit of the wood to lead the sculpture. Root Figure was likely carved by an African American artist working from a similar tradition to Harvey and Griffin, though the present lot displays technical ability and mastery far beyond that achieved by the aforementioned artists.

The preservation of the *Root Figure's* surface and the care taken in his carving suggest the sculpture was prized and important. Additionally, the

figure is unable to stand without a base or pedestal, which elevates the object to one worthy of special display or suggests he was supposed to be carried or held. Perhaps he was an object of New Orleans Voodoo culture, or a Power figure? Given the extremely scarce documentation on Voodoo practice in New Orleans, one cannot concretely attribute this figure to the tradition, but his animistic quality and swirling aesthetic makes it conceivable that he held a special place in ceremony or ritual.



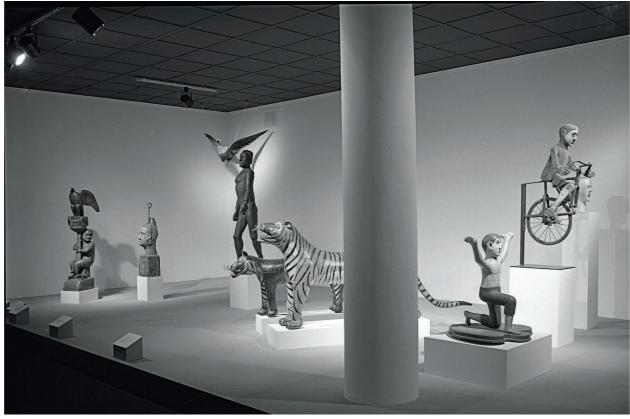


Fig. 1 Installation view of *Folk Sculpture USA* at The Brooklyn Museum, 1976. Courtesy The Brooklyn Museum Archives.

32

AMERICAN, POSSIBLY NEW ORLEANS, 19TH CENTURY

Standing Figure

wood, teeth and glass overall 56 in. high, 22 in. wide, 13 ½ in. deep

\$45,000-65,000

PROVENANCE:

James Kronen, New York

EXHIBITED:

New York, The Brooklyn Museum, and Los Angeles, Los Angeles County Museum of Art, *Folk Sculpture USA*, 6 March - 31 May 1976 (New York) and 4 July - 29 August 1976 (Los Angeles).

LITERATURE

Herbert W. Hemphill, Jr., ed., Folk Sculpture USA (Brooklyn, New York, 1976), p. 20.

Standing Figure's unclothed form is modeled with detail and respect. He points into the distance with his left hand, while his right once held a cylindrical object now long gone. In contrapposto, his uplifted gaze seems hopeful and proud. He reveals classical strength and proportion in pose and form.

Standing Figure was highlighted in the seminal 1976 Folk Sculpture USA exhibition, organized by The Brooklyn Museum and the Los Angeles County Museum of Art (fig. 1). The show's catalogue documents this sculpture, which was discovered in New Orleans, as a trade sign for a slave auctioneer thought to be created between 1800 and 1820 (Folk Sculpture USA, p. 21). If this was indeed the figure's original purpose, he is a series of contradictions. There is a paradoxical quality to presenting a slave with such humanity. Rather than removing his personhood, as slavery at its core intended, this sculpture is asserting a man's personality (for more on this concept, see Agnes Lugo-Ortiz and Angela Rosenthal, eds., Slave Portraiture in the Atlantic World (Cambridge, England, 2013), p. 75). Additionally, the sculptural style used for his stance and pose places the figure in a lineage with Classical and Renaissance art, connecting him with idealized nude forms including Polykleitos's Spear Bearer (440 B.C.) and Michelangelo's David (1501-1504). The visual tie between these mythological heroes and this carving conveys the power of Standing Figure that lives in opposition to the ambitions of the Louisiana slave traders.





33

NEW ENGLAND, LATE 19TH CENTURY

Mackerel Plow

varnish and metal on wood 6 ¼ in. high, 1 ½ in. wide, 2 ½ in. deep

\$4,000-6,000

PROVENANCE:

David Wheatcroft Antiques, LLC, Westborough, Massachusetts Ricco/Maresca Gallery, New York

LITERATURE:

David Wheatcroft Antiques, advertisement, Folk Art (Spring 1996), p. 21. Frank Maresca and Roger Ricco, American Vernacular (New York, 2002), p. 262.

Mackerel plows are utilitarian objects. Often used by New England fishermen in the nineteenth century, they consist of a short blade designed to slice fish to make them appear plumper and more appealing. Despite this quotidian purpose, this sculpture is a carefully and delicately carved, humorous form. The plow's handle is formed from a sensual, rounded woman; a fisherman would grasp her whilst he worked on an unglamorous task. The smoothness of her surface and softness of her varnish contrast with the harshness of her fundamental purpose.





34

AMERICAN, LATE 19TH CENTURY

"Giacometti" Cane paint on wood with lead detailing 38 in. high

\$12,000-15,000

PROVENANCE:

Gael and Michael Mendelsohn, New York

This elegant sculpture is in conversation with art from around the world. The spindly arms and sinewy, lengthened legs evoke the elongated mid-twentieth century figurative sculptures of celebrated Modern artist Alberto Giacometti (1901-1966). The rounded face, curved hips and protruding belly simultaneously speak to West African sculpture.

While the overall effect of this cane is one of elegance and simplicity, its carver paid close attention to detail. Defined elbows and knees give the form additional levels of optical interest, dividing the vertical space with visual punctuations, and inlaid metal eyes and teeth add personality and expression to the work.





35

AMERICAN, CIRCA 1935

Pin Up Girl

paint and glitter on wood 29 x 9 ½ in.

\$3,000-5,000

PROVENANCE:

Carl Hammer Gallery, Chicago



36

THORNTON DIAL (B. 1928)

Posing for Love, 1994

initialed *TD* lower left charcoal and pastel on paper 30 x 44 ½ in.

\$10,000-15,000

PROVENANCE:

William Arnett, Atlanta, Georgia (acquired directly from the artist) Ricco/Maresca Gallery, New York









38

WILLIAM HAWKINS (1895-1990)

Eagle and Serpent, circa 1982

signed WILLIAM.L.HAWKINS along bottom edge enamel on board 47 ½ x 59 ½ in.

\$30,000-50,000

PROVENANCE:

Ricco/Maresca Gallery, New York

William Hawkins (1895-1990) used a variety of literary, popular and visual sources as inspiration for his works. This painting draws its imagery from the Mexican flag, though Hawkins distorts the scale and relationship between the animals to add a personal spin to the vignette. The piece also references "The Snake, the Eagle and the Farmer," from Aesop's Fables:

A snake and an eagle were grappling with one another as they fought. The snake had tightened his hold on the eagle when a farmer saw them and freed the eagle from the grip of the snake. The snake was angry about what had happened, so he went and poisoned the man's drinking water. But just as the unsuspecting farmer was about to take a drink, the eagle flew down and snatched the cup out of his hands.

- Laura Gibbs, trans., Aesop's Fables (Oxford, England, 2002)

Hawkins would often tilt his surfaces after applying his signature semi-gloss enamel paint, allowing the artwork to, at times, "make itself." This technique is most evident here in the areas of pooled white paint. The staccato marks of his worn paintbrushes form the texture within the bird's feathers and in the grasses beneath the snake. The spots of silver along the snake's body are spray paint, showing yet another paint application technique. This is an early work by Hawkins, dated in part through its use of plywood rather than Masonite as a ground surface, and because the border surrounding the work is an undecorated solid color. This version is one of four variations of *Eagle and Serpent* painted by the artist.



39

AMERICAN, POSSIBLY MIDWEST, CIRCA 1935

Toddler with Outstretched Arms paint on repurposed wood 18 x 16 in., including early giltwood frame \$8,000-10,000

PROVENANCE:

Ricco/Maresca Gallery, New York Carl Hammer Gallery, Chicago

LITERATURE:

Frank Maresca and Roger Ricco, *American Vernacular* (New York, 2002), p. 151.



PROPERTY FROM THE MARVILL COLLECTION

40

ATTRIBUTED TO O. MACK BAKER, CIRCA 1950

Man in a Suit

paint on wood 24 in. high, 19 ½ in. wide, 2 in. deep

\$3,000-5,000

PROVENANCE:

Ricco/Maresca Gallery, New York

41

AMERICAN, POSSIBLY UPSTATE NEW YORK, LATE 19TH/EARLY 20TH CENTURY

Boy with a Critter and Boys with a Tree

embroidery floss on corduroy Boy with a Critter sight 22 % x 23 ½ in.; Boys with a Tree sight 21 ½ x 23 ½ in. (2)

\$10,000-15,000

PROVENANCE:

Ricco/Maresca Gallery, New York





42

NEW ENGLAND, LATE 18TH/EARLY 19TH CENTURY

Bust of a Woman

paint on wood





43

NEW ENGLAND, CIRCA 1910

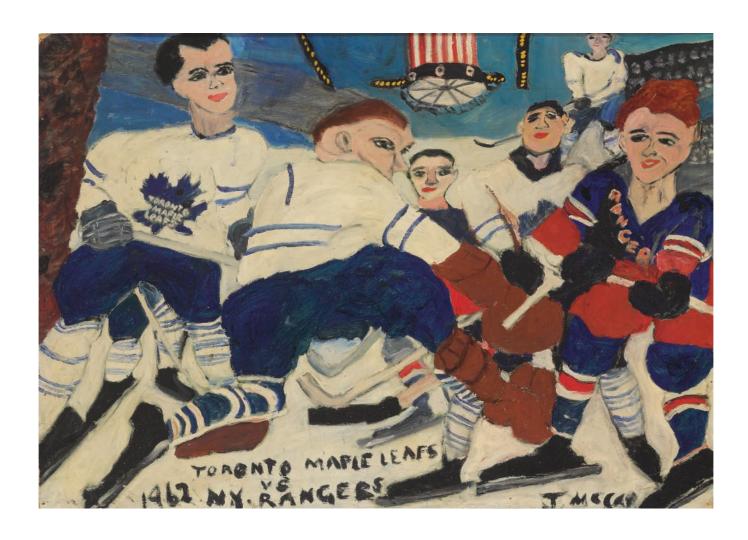
Portrait of Three Ladies with Cat

initialed *MG* lower left oil on canvas 23 ¼ x 27 in.

\$15,000-25,000

PROVENANCE:

George Schoellkopf, Reading, Pennsylvania Don and Faye Walters, Goshen, Indiana Newcomer/Westreich Gallery, Washington, D.C.



44

JUSTIN MCCARTHY (1891-1977)

Toronto Maple Leafs vs. N.Y. Rangers, dated 1962 signed J. McCAR lower right edge oil on board 23 ½ x 33 ½ in.

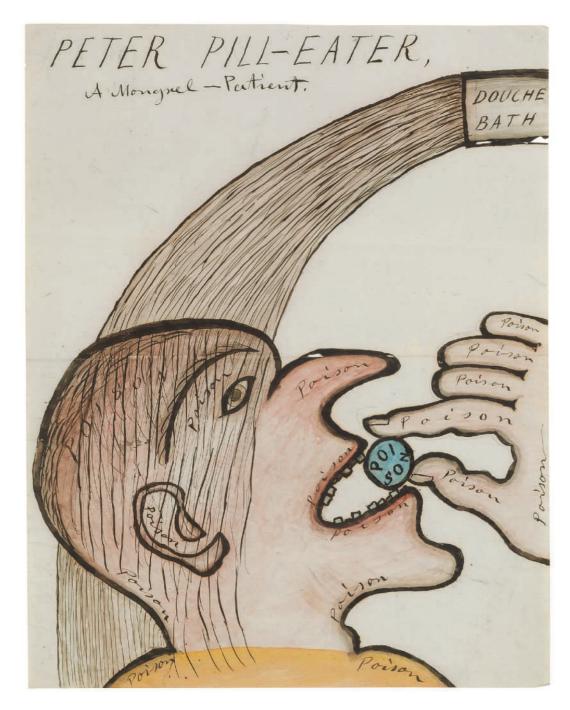
\$10,000-15,000

PROVENANCE:

Mr. and Mrs. Elias Getz, New York

LITERATURE

 $Herbert\,W.\,Hemphill\,Jr., \textit{Twentieth-Century American Folk Art and Artists} \,\, (\text{New York}, 1974), p. 168.$



45

PROBABLY AMERICAN, POSSIBLY PENNSYLVANIA, CIRCA 1900

Peter Pill-Eater, A Mongrel-Patient. ink, watercolor and graphite on paper 15 % x 12 % in.

\$10,000-15,000

PROVENANCE:

Ricco/Maresca Gallery, New York

In conversation with art-making practices from both Europe and America, *Peter Pill Eater* visually speaks to the finely rendered pen-and-ink aesthetics of early 1900s Swiss asylum art as well as to Pennsylvania German techniques and materials. Most early European *Art Brut* was created in institutions, and these pieces were often works on paper rendered in fine detail with disregard for perspective and naturalistic proportion - traits shared by Peter and his pill. The "mongrel patient" as subject echoes the biographies of these institutionalized artists. Discovered in Massachusetts, *Peter Pill Eater* also visually and technically evokes Pennsylvania German fraktur in its detailed pen and ink with flat color washes.



46

AMERICAN, PROBABLY OHIO, DATED 1883

Boathouse Gate Weight
paint on limestone
10 ¼ in. high, 5 ½ in. wide, 5 ½ in. deep
\$10,000-15,000

PROVENANCE:

Hill Gallery, Birmingham, Michigan

LITERATURE:

Frank Maresca and Roger Ricco, *American Vernacular* (New York, 2002), p. 159.

Carved and decorated on all four sides, this counterweight was found on a boathouse on Buckeye Lake, near Granville, Ohio. One side shows a woman wading into water, and she holds her skirt to keep it from getting wet. Another shows two figures holding hands, while the third shows a man wading. The final image is of three oars arranged in a star-like pattern.





47

ADAM BRANDAU (1910-1998)

Self Portrait, 1939

paint on galvanized sheet metal and repurposed metal 71 in. high, 21 in. wide, 14 in. deep

\$12,000-15,000

PROVENANCE:

Carl Hammer Gallery, Chicago Hirschl & Adler Folk, New York, 1989

LITERATURE:

Archie Green, Tin Men (Champaign, Illinois, 2002), p. 143.

Made for the Brandau Tin Shop of Jackson, Ohio, *Self Portrait* served as a trade sign figure and was displayed in the shop's window. However, the tin man encompasses more than this role, as he exists at the intersection of trade sign, skill showcase and fine art. Formed from salvage material, the figure's various body parts display the finesse with which Brandau could aesthetically blend reused disparate metals. At the same time, the figure's label as a self portrait entwined Brandau's identity with that of his business. *Self Portrait*'s painted surface adds to the artistry of the form: as paint obscures some of the tinwork, the final visual aesthetic seems to take precedence over simply showcasing technical abilities.

Brandau learned his trade from his father, Frank, and joined the Sheet Metal Workers Local 98 in Columbus in early adulthood. In 1939 he opened a tin shop in Jackson, and worked there until retiring in 1972. Brandau made *Self Portrait* the year his store opened (*Tin Men*, p. 143). The piece earned local celebrity, even appearing on floats in regional parades.







49

MOSES OGDEN (1844-1919)

Bust

burl wood Overall 17 in. high, 12 in. wide, 12 in. deep

\$4,000-6,000

PROVENANCE:

Peter Tillou Fine Arts and Antiques, Litchfield, Connecticut Ricco/Johnson Gallery, New York

Civil War veteran Moses Ogden (1844-1919) created an environment of carved sculptures in and around his Angelica, New York home. After serving in the military, Ogden became a wagon maker and began carving whimsical animals and faces from burls, allowing the natural wood growth to dictate the shape and subject of each piece. Postcards from the town of Angelica show Ogden selling his carvings at a county fair, and photographs now housed at the local library show his home as a "Wonderland" filled with sculptures.



50

AMERICAN, 19TH CENTURY

Figural Nutcracker

varnish on wood 8 ½ in. high, 1 ¾ in. wide, 10 ¼ in. long

\$8,000-12,000

PROVENANCE:

James Kronen, New York

LITERATURE:

Roger Ricco and Frank Maresca, *American Primitive: Discoveries in Folk Sculpture* (New York, 1988), p. 254.

This nutcracker employs several artistic techniques, including stylized carving and detailed incised drawing. The sculpted faces are suggestive of those from the Bena Lulua tribe of central Africa (*American Primitive*, p. 254), while the drawings that run along the handles, rendering a bird, trees and leaves with precision and artistry, evoke Pennsylvania German traditions. *Figural Nutcracker* also displays elements of whimsy as the small, reclining face on the end of the handle reads as a baby, and the movement of the nutcracker replicates a baby being rocked in a cradle.



INDEX

В Baker, O. M., 40 Lockett, R., 25 Bartlett, M., 29 Besharo, P., 24 McCarthy, J., 6, 23, 44 Blayney, W., 14 Miller, D., 10 Brandau, A., 47 С Ogden, M., 49 Castle, J., 1, 13, 21 Cunningham, E., 26 Ramírez, M., 12 D Dellschau, C., 17 Т Dial, T., 11, 18, 20, 36 Traylor, B., 9, 16, 22 Edmondson, W., 5 Von Bruenchenhein, E., 2, 30 Н W Hawkins, W., 8, 28, 38 Widener, G., 4 Hoffman, A., 27 Wilson, S., 7 Hunter, C., 3, 19 Wölfli, A., 15

CONDITIONS OF SALE • BUYING AT CHRISTIE'S

CONDITIONS OF SALE

These Conditions of Sale and the Important Notices and Explanation of Cataloguing Practice set out the terms on which we offer the lots listed in this catalogue for sale. By registering to bid and/or by bidding at auction you agree to these terms, so you should read them carefully before doing so. You will find a glossary at the end explaining the meaning of the words and expressions coloured in **bold**

Unless we own a **lot** in whole or in part (Δ symbol), Christie's acts as agent for the seller.

A BEFORE THE SALE

1 DESCRIPTION OF LOTS

- (a) Certain words used in the catalogue description have special meanings. You can find details of these on the page headed "Important Notices and Explanation of Cataloguing Practice" which forms part of these terms. You can find a key to the Symbols found next to certain catalogue entries under the section of the catalogue called "Symbols Used in this Catalogue"
- (b) Our description of any lot in the catalogue, any condition report and any other statement made by us (whether orally or in writing) about any lot, including about its nature or condition, artist, period, materials, approximate dimensions, or provenance are our opinion and not to be relied upon as a statement of fact. We do not carry out in-depth research of the sort carried out by professional historians and scholars. All dimensions and weights are approximate only.

2 OUR RESPONSIBILITY FOR OUR **DESCRIPTION OF LOTS**

We do not provide any guarantee in relation to the nature of a lot apart from our authenticity warranty contained in paragraph E2 and to the extent provided in paragraph I below.

3 CONDITION

- (a) The condition of lots sold in our auctions can vary widely due to factors such as age, previous damage, restoration, repair and wear and tear. Their nature means that they will rarely be in perfect **condition**. Lots are sold "as is," in the condition they are in at the time of the sale, without any representation or warranty or assumption of liability of any kind as to condition by Christie's or by the seller.
- (b) Any reference to condition in a catalogue entry or in a condition report will not amount to a full description of condition, and images may not show a lot clearly. Colours and shades may look different in print or on screen to how they look on physical inspection. Condition reports may be available to help you evaluate the **condition** of a lot. Condition reports are provided free of charge as a convenience to our buyers and are for guidance only. They offer our opinion but they may not refer to all faults, inherent defects, restoration, alteration or adaptation because our staff are not professional restorers or conservators. For that reason **condition** reports are not an alternative to examining a lot in person or seeking your own professional advice. It is your responsibility to ensure that you have requested, received and considered any condition report.

4 VIEWING LOTS PRE-AUCTION

- (a) If you are planning to bid on a lot, you should inspect it personally or through a knowledgeable representative before you make a bid to make sure that you accept the description and its condition. We recommend you get your own advice from a restorer or other professional adviser.
- (b) Pre-auction viewings are open to the public free of charge. Our specialists may be available to answer questions at pre-auction viewings or by appointment.

5 ESTIMATES

Estimates are based on the condition, rarity, quality and provenance of the lots and on prices recently paid at auction for similar property. Estimates can change. Neither you, nor anyone else, may rely on any estimates as a prediction or guarantee of the actual selling price of a lot or its value for any other purpose. Estimates do not include the buyer's premium or any applicable taxes.

6 WITHDRAWAL

Christie's may, at its option, withdraw any lot from auction at any time prior to or during the sale of the lot. Christie's has no liability to you for any decision

7 JEWELLERY

- (a) Coloured gemstones (such as rubies, sapphires and emeralds) may have been treated to improve their look, through methods such as heating and oiling. These methods are accepted by the international jewellery trade but may make the gemstone less strong and/or require special care over time.
- (b) All types of gemstones may have been improved by some method. You may request a gemmological report for any item which does not have a report if the request is made to us at least three weeks before the date of the auction and you pay the fee for the report.
- (c) We do not obtain a gemmological report for every gemstone sold in our auctions. Where we do get gemmological reports from internationally accepted gemmological laboratories, such reports will be described in the catalogue. Reports from American gemmological laboratories will describe any improvement or treatment to the gemstone. Reports from European gemmological laboratories will describe any improvement or treatment only if we request that they do so, but will confirm when no improvement or treatment has been made. Because of differences in approach and technology, laboratories may not agree whether a particular gemstone has been treated, the amount of treatment, or whether treatment is permanent. The gemmological laboratories will only report on the improvements or treatments known to the laboratories at the date of the report.
- (d) For jewellery sales, estimates are based on the information in any gemmological report. If no report is available, assume that the gemstones may ve been treated or enhanced.

8 WATCHES & CLOCKS

- (a) Almost all clocks and watches are repaired in their lifetime and may include parts which are not original. We do not give a warranty that any individual component part of any watch is authentic. Watchbands described as "associated" are not part of the original watch and may not be authentic. Clocks may be sold without pendulums, weights or keys.
- (b) As collectors' watches often have very fine and complex mechanisms, you are responsible for any general service, change of battery, or further repair work that may be necessary. We do not give a warranty that any watch is in good working order. Certificates are not available unless described in the catalogue.
- (c) Most wristwatches have been opened to find out the type and quality of movement. For that reason, wristwatches with water resistant cases may not be waterproof and we recommend you have them checked by a competent watchmaker before use. Important information about the sale, transport and shipping of watches and watchbands can be found in paragraph H2(f).

B REGISTERING TO BID 1 NEW BIDDERS

- (a) If this is your first time bidding at Christie's or you are a returning bidder who has not bought anything from any of our salerooms within the last two years you must register at least 48 hours before an auction begins to give us enough time to process and approve your registration. We may, at our option, declir permit you to register as a bidder. You will be asked for the following:
 - (i) for individuals: Photo identification (driver's licence, national identity card, or passport) and, if not shown on the ID document, proof of your current address (for example, a current utility bill or bank statement);
 - (ii) for corporate clients: Your Certificate of Incorporation or equivalent document(s) showing your name and registered address together with documentary proof of directors and beneficial owners; and

- (iii) for trusts, partnerships, offshore companies and other business structures, please contact us in advance to discuss our requirements.
- (b) We may also ask you to give us a financial reference and/or a deposit as a condition of allowing you to bid. For help, please contact our Credit Department at +1 212-636-2490.

2 RETURNING BIDDERS

As described in paragraph B(1) above, we may at our option ask you for current identification, a financial reference, or a deposit as a condition of allowing you to bid. If you have not bought anything from any of our salerooms within the last two years or if you want to spend more than on previous occasions, please contact our Credit Department at +1 212-636-2490.

3 IF YOU FAIL TO PROVIDE THE RIGHT DOCUMENTS

If in our opinion you do not satisfy our bidder identification and registration procedures including but not limited to completing any anti-money laundering and/or anti-terrorism financing checks we may require to our satisfaction, we may refuse to register you to bid, and if you make a successful bid, we may cancel the contract for sale between you and the seller.

4 BIDDING ON BEHALF OF ANOTHER PERSON

If you are bidding on behalf of another person, that person will need to complete the registration requirements above before you can bid, and supply a signed letter authorising you to bid for him/her. A bidder accepts personal liability to pay the purchase price and all other sums due unless it has been agreed in writing with Christie's, before commencement of the auction, that the bidder is acting as an agent on behalf of a named third party acceptable to Christie's and that Christie's will only seek payment from the named third party.

5 BIDDING IN PERSON

If you wish to bid in the saleroom you must register for a numbered bidding paddle at least 30 minutes before the auction. You may register online at www.christies.com or in person. For help, please contact the Credit Department on +1 212-636-2490.

6 BIDDING SERVICES

The bidding services described below are a free service offered as a convenience to our clients and Christie's is not responsible for any error (human or otherwise), omission, or breakdown in providing these services.

(a) Phone Bids

Your request for this service must be made no later than 24 hours prior to the auction. We will accept bids by telephone for lots only if our staff are available to take the bids. If you need to bid in a language other than in English, you must arrange this well before the auction. We may record telephone bids. By bidding on the telephone, you are agreeing to us recording your conversations. You also agree that your telephone bids are governed by these Conditions of Sale.

(b) Internet Bids on Christie's LIVETM

For certain auctions we will accept bids over the Internet. Please visit www.christies.com/ livebidding and click on the 'Bid Live' icon to see details of how to watch, hear and bid at the auction from your computer. In addition to these Conditions of Sale, internet bids are governed by the Christie's LIVETM terms of use which are available on www.christies.com.

(c) Written Bids

You can find a Written Bid Form at the back of our catalogues, at any Christie's office, or by choosing the sale and viewing the lots online at www.christies. com. We must receive your completed Written Bid Form at least 24 hours before the auction. Bids must be placed in the currency of the saleroom. The auctioneer will take reasonable steps to carry out written bids at the lowest possible price, taking into account the reserve. If you make a written bid on a lot which does not have a reserve and there is no higher bid than yours, we will bid on your behalf at around 50% of the low estimate or, if lower, the amount of your bid. If we receive written bids on a

lot for identical amounts, and at the auction these are the highest bids on the lot, we will sell the lot to the bidder whose written bid we received first.

C AT THE SALE

1 WHO CAN ENTER THE AUCTION

We may, at our option, refuse admission to our premises or decline to permit participation in any auction or to

2 RESERVES

Unless otherwise indicated, all lots are subject to a reserve. We identify lots that are offered without reserve with the symbol • next to the lot number. The reserve cannot be more than the lot's low estimate

3 AUCTIONEER'S DISCRETION

The auctioneer can at his or her sole option:

- (a) refuse any bid;
- (b) move the bidding backwards or forwards in any way he or she may decide, or change the order of the lots;
- (c) withdraw any lot;
- (d) divide any lot or combine any two or more lots;
- (e) reopen or continue the bidding even after the hammer has fallen; and
- (f) in the case of error or dispute and whether during or after the auction, to continue the bidding, determine the successful bidder, cancel the sale of the lot, or reoffer and resell any lot. If any dispute relating to bidding arises during or after the auction, the auctioneer's decision in exercise of this option is final.

4 BIDDING

The auctioneer accepts bids from:

- (a) bidders in the saleroom;
- (b) telephone bidders;
- (c) internet bidders through 'Christie's LIVETM (as shown above in paragraph B6); and
- (d) written bids (also known as absentee bids or commission bids) left with us by a bidder before the auction

5 BIDDING ON BEHALF OF THE SELLER

The auctioneer may, at his or her sole option, bid on behalf of the seller up to but not including the amount of the reserve either by making consecutive bids or by making bids in response to other bidders. The auctioneer will not identify these as bids made on behalf of the seller and will not make any bid on behalf of the seller at or above the reserve. If lots are offered without reserve, the auctioneer will generally decide to open the bidding at 50% of the low estimate for the lot. If no bid is made at that level, the auctioneer may decide to go backwards at his or her sole option until a bid is made, and then continue up from that amount. In the event that there are no bids on a lot, the auctioneer may deem such lot unsold.

6 BID INCREMENTS

Bidding generally starts below the low estimate and increases in steps (bid increments). The auctioneer will decide at his or her sole option where the bidding should start and the bid increments. The usual bid increments are shown for guidance only on the Written Bid Form at the back of this catalogue.

7 CURRENCY CONVERTER

The saleroom video screens (and Christies LIVETM) may show bids in some other major currencies as well as US dollars. Any conversion is for guidance only and we cannot be bound by any rate of exchange used. Christie's is not responsible for any error (human or otherwise), ion or breakdown in providing these services.

8 SUCCESSFUL BIDS

Unless the auctioneer decides to use his or her discretion as set out in paragraph C3 above, when the auctioneer's hammer strikes, we have accepted the last bid. This means a contract for sale has been formed between the seller and the successful bidder. We will issue an invoice only to the registered bidder who made the successful bid. While we send out invoices by mail and/or email after the auction, we do not accept responsibility for telling you whether or not your bid was successful. If you have bid by written bid, you should contact us by telephone or in person as soon as possible after the

auction to get details of the outcome of your bid to avoid having to pay unnecessary storage charges

9 LOCAL BIDDING LAWS

You agree that when bidding in any of our sales that you will strictly comply with all local laws and regulations in force at the time of the sale for the relevant sale site

D THE BUYER'S PREMIUM AND TAXES 1 THE BUYER'S PREMIUM

In addition to the hammer price, the successful bidder agrees to pay us a buyer's premium on the hammer price of each lot sold. On all lots we charge 25% of the hammer price up to and including US\$100,000, 20% on that part of the hammer price over US\$100,000 and up to and including US2,000,000, and 12% of that part of the hammer price above US\$2,000.000.

2 TAXES

The successful bidder is responsible for any applicable tax including any sales or compensating use tax or equivalent tax wherever they arise on the hammer price and the buyer's premium. It is the successful bidder's responsibility to ascertain and pay all taxes due. Christie's may require the successful bidder to pay sales or compensating use taxes prior to the release of any purchased lots that are picked up in New York or delivered to locations in California, Florida, Illinois, Massachusetts, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island or Texas. Successful bidders claiming an exemption from sales tax must provide the appropriate documentation on file with Christie's prior to the release of the lot. For more information, please contact Purchaser Payments at +1 212 636 2496.

F WARRANTIES 1 SELLER'S WARRANTIES

- For each lot, the seller gives a warranty that the seller: (a) is the owner of the lot or a joint owner of the lot acting with the permission of the other co-owners or, if the seller is not the owner or a joint owner of the lot, has the permission of the owner to sell the lot, or the right to do so in law; and
- (b) has the right to transfer ownership of the lot to the buyer without any restrictions or claims by anvone else.

If either of the above warranties are incorrect, the seller shall not have to pay more than the purchase price (as defined in paragraph F1(a) below) paid by you to us. The seller will not be responsible to you for any reason for loss of profits or business, expected savings, loss of opportunity or interest, costs, damages, other damages or expenses. The seller gives no warranty in relation to any lot other than as set out above and, as far as the seller is allowed by law, all warranties from the seller to you. and all other obligations upon the seller which may be added to this agreement by law, are excluded.

2 OUR AUTHENTICITY WARRANTY

We warrant, subject to the terms below, that the lots in our sales are authentic (our "authenticity warranty"). If, within 5 years of the date of the auction, you satisfy us that your lot is not authentic, subject to the terms below, we will refund the purchase price paid by you. The meaning of authentic can be found in the glossary at the end of these Conditions of Sale. The terms of the authenticity warranty are as follows: (a) It will be honoured for a period of 5 years from the

- date of the auction. After such time, we will not be obligated to honour the authenticity warranty.
- (b) It is given only for information shown in UPPERCASE type in the first line of the catalogue description (the "Heading"). It does not apply to any information other than in the Heading even if shown in UPPERCASE type.
- (c) The authenticity warranty does not apply to any Heading or part of a Heading which is qualified Qualified means limited by a clarification in a lot's catalogue description or by the use in a Heading of one of the terms listed in the section titled Qualified Headings on the page of the catalogue headed "Important Notices and Explanation of Cataloguing Practice". For example, use of the term "ATTRIBUTED TO..." in a **Heading** means that the **lot** is in Christie's opinion probably a work by the named artist but no warranty is provided that the lot is the work of the named artist. Please read the full list of Qualified Headings and a lot's full

- catalogue description before bidding.
- (d) The authenticity warranty applies to the Heading as amended by any Saleroom Notice.
- (e) The authenticity warranty does not apply where scholarship has developed since the auction leading to a change in generally accepted opinion. Further, it does not apply if the Heading either matched the generally accepted opinion of experts at the date of the auction or drew attention to any conflict of opinion.
- (f) The authenticity warranty does not apply if the lot can only be shown not to be authentic by a scientific process which, on the date we published the catalogue, was not available or generally accepted for use, or which was unreasonably expensive or impractical, or which was likely to have damaged the lot.
- (g) The benefit of the authenticity warranty is only available to the original buyer shown on the invoice for the lot issued at the time of the sale and only if the original buyer has owned the lot continuously between the date of the auction and the date of claim. It may not be transferred to anyone else.
- (h) In order to claim under the authenticity warranty vou must:
 - (i) give us written details, including full supporting evidence, of any claim within 5 years of the date of the auction;
 - (ii) at Christie's option, we may require you to provide the written opinions of two recognised experts in the field of the lot mutually agreed by you and us in advance confirming that the lot is not authentic. If we have any doubts, we reserve the right to obtain additional opinions at our expense: and
 - (iii) return the lot at your expense to the saleroom from which you bought it in the condition it was in at the time of sale.
- (i) Your only right under this authenticity warranty is to cancel the sale and receive a refund of the purchase price paid by you to us. We will not, under any circumstances, be required to pay you more than the purchase price nor will we be liable for any loss of profits or business, loss of opportunity or value, expected savings or interest, costs, damages, other damages or expenses.
- (j) Books. Where the lot is a book, we give an additional warranty for 21 days from the date of the auction that any lot is defective in text or illustration, we will refund your purchase price, subject to the following terms:
 - (a) This additional warranty does not apply to:
 - (i) the absence of blanks, half titles, tissue guards or advertisements, damage in respect of bindings, stains, spotting, marginal tears or other defects not affecting completeness of the text or illustration;
 - (ii) drawings, autographs, letters or manuscripts, signed photographs, music, atlases, maps or periodicals;
 - (iii) books not identified by title;
 - (iv) lots sold without a printed estimate;
 - (v) books which are described in the catalogue as sold not subject to return; or
 - (vi) defects stated in any condition report or announced at the time of sale.
 - (b) To make a claim under this paragraph you must give written details of the defect and return the lot to the sale room at which you bought it in the same condition as at the time of sale, within 21 days of the date of the sale.
- (k) South East Asian Modern and Contemporary Art and Chinese Calligraphy and Painting. In these categories, the authenticity warranty

does not apply because current scholarship does not permit the making of definitive statements. Christie's does, however, agree to cancel a sale in either of these two categories of art where it has been proven the lot is a forgery. Christie's will refund to the original buyer the purchase price in accordance with the terms of Christie's Authenticity Warranty, provided that the original buyer notifies us with full supporting evidence documenting the forgery claim within twelve (12) months of the date of the auction. Such evidence must be satisfactory to us that the property is a forgery in accordance with paragraph E2(h)(ii) above and the property must be returned to us in accordance with E2h(iii) above. Paragraphs $E_2(b)$, (c), (d), (e), (f) and (g) and (i) also apply to a claim under these categories.

F PAYMENT

1 HOW TO PAY

- (a) Immediately following the auction, you must pay the purchase price being:
 - the hammer price; and
 - (ii) the buyer's premium; and
 - (iii) any applicable duties, goods, sales, use, compensating or service tax, or VAT.

Payment is due no later than by the end of the 7th calendar day following the date of the auction (the "due date").

- (b) We will only accept payment from the registered bidder. Once issued, we cannot change the buyer's name on an invoice or re-issue the invoice in a different name. You must pay immediately even if you want to export the lot and you need an export licence.
- (c) You must pay for lots bought at Christie's in the United States in the currency stated on the invoice in one of the following ways:
 - (i) Wire transfer
 - IP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A., 270 Park Avenue, New York, NY 10017; ABA# 021000021; FBO: Christie's Inc.; Account # 957-107978,
 - for international transfers, SWIFT: CHASUS33. (ii) Credit Card.
 - We accept Visa, MasterCard, American Express and China Union Pay. A limit of \$50,000 for credit card payment will apply. This limit is inclusive of the buyer's premium and any applicable taxes. Credit card payments at the New York premises will only be accepted for New York sales. Christie's will not accept credit card payments for purchases in any other sale site.

To make a 'cardholder not present' (CNP) payment, you must complete a CNP authorisation form which you can get from our Cashier's Department. You must send a completed CNP authorisation form by fax to +1 212 636 4939 or you can mail to the address below. Details of the conditions and restrictions applicable to credit card payments are available from our Cashier's Department, whose details are set out in paragraph (d) below.

- (iii) Cash
 - We accept cash payments (including money orders and traveller's checks) subject to a maximum global aggregate of US\$7,500 per buyer per year at our Cashier's Department only
- (iv) Bank Checks You must make these payable to Christie's Inc. and there may be conditions.
- (v) Checks
- You must make checks payable to Christie's Inc. and they must be drawn from US dollar accounts from a US bank.
- (d) You must quote the sale number, your invoice number and client number when making a payment. All payments sent by post must be sent to: Christie's Inc. Cashiers' Department, 20 Rockefeller Center, New York, NY 10020.
- (e) For more information please contact our Cashier's Department by phone at +1 212 636 2495 or fax at +1 212 636 4939.

2 TRANSFERRING OWNERSHIP TO YOU

You will not own the lot and ownership of the lot will not pass to you until we have received full and clear payment of the purchase price, even in circumstances where we have released the lot to you.

3 TRANSFERRING RISK TO YOU

- The risk in and responsibility for the lot will transfer to you from whichever is the earlier of the following:
- (a) When you collect the lot; or
- (b) At the end of the 7th day following the date of the auction or, if earlier, the date the lot is taken into care by a third party warehouse as set out on the page headed 'Storage and Collection', unless we have agreed otherwise with you.

4 WHAT HAPPENS IF YOU DO NOT PAY

- (a) If you fail to pay us the purchase price in full by the due date, we will be entitled to do one or more of the following (as well as enforce our rights under paragraph F5 and any other rights or remedies we have by law):
 - (i) we can charge interest from the due date at a rate of up to 1.34% per month on the unpaid amount due;
 - (ii) we can cancel the sale of the lot. If we do this,

- we may sell the lot again, publically or privately on such terms we shall think necessary or appropriate, in which case you must pay us any shortfall between the purchase price and the proceeds from the resale. You must also pay all costs, expenses, losses, damages and legal fees we have to pay or may suffer and any shortfall in the seller's commission on the resale:
- (iii) we can pay the seller an amount up to the net proceeds payable in respect of the amount bid by your default in which case you acknowledge and understand that Christie's will have all of the rights of the seller to pursue you for
- (iv) we can hold you legally responsible for the purchase price and may begin legal proceedings to recover it together with other losses, interest, legal fees and costs as far as we are allowed by law:
- (v) we can take what you owe us from any amounts which we or any company in the Christie's Group may owe you (including any deposit or other part-payment which you have paid to us);
- (vi) we can, at our option, reveal your identity and contact details to the seller:
- (vii) we can reject at any future auction any bids made by or on behalf of the buyer or to obtain a deposit from the buyer before accepting any bids;
- (viii) we can exercise all the rights and remedies of a person holding security over any property in our possession owned by you, whether by way of pledge, security interest or in any other way as permitted by the law of the place where such property is located. You will be deemed to have granted such security to us and we may retain such property as collateral security for your obligations to us; and
- (ix) we can take any other action we see necessary or appropriate.
- (b) If you owe money to us or to another Christie's Group company, we can use any amount you do pay, including any deposit or other part-payment you have made to us, or which we owe you, to pay off any amount you owe to us or another Christie's Group company for any transaction.

5 KEEPING YOUR PROPERTY

If you owe money to us or to another Christie's Group company, as well as the rights set out in F4 above, we can use or deal with any of your property we hold or which is held by another Christie's Group company in any way we are allowed to by law. We will only release your property to you after you pay us or the relevant Christie's Group company in full for what you owe. However, if we choose, we can also sell your property in any way we think appropriate. We will use the proceeds of the sale against any amounts you owe us and we will pay any amount left from that sale to you. If there is a shortfall, you must pay us any difference between the amount we have received from the sale and the amount you owe us.

G COLLECTION AND STORAGE 1 COLLECTION

Once you have made full and clear payment, you must collect the lot within 7 days from the date of the auction. (a) You may not collect the lot until you have made full and clear payment of all amounts due to us.

- (b) If you have paid for the lot in full but you do not collect the lot within 90 calendar days after the auction, we may sell it, unless otherwise agreed in writing. If we do this we will pay you the proceeds of the sale after taking our storage charges and any other amounts you owe us and any Christie's Group company.
- (c) In accordance with New York law, if you have paid for the lot in full but you do not collect the lot within 180 calendar days of payment, we may charge you New York sales tax for the lot.
- (d) Information on collecting lots is set out on an information sheet which you can get from the bidder registration staff or Christie's Cashier's Department at +1 212 636 2495.

2 STORAGE

- (a) If you have not collected the lot within 7 days from the date of the auction, we or our appointed agents can:
 - (i) charge you storage fees while the lot is still at our saleroom: or

- (ii) remove the lot at our option to a warehouse and charge you all transport and storage costs
- (b) Details of the removal of the lot to a warehouse, fees and costs are set out at the back of the catalogue on the page headed 'Storage and Collection'. You may be liable to our agent directly for these costs.

H TRANSPORT AND SHIPPING 1 SHIPPING

We will enclose a transport and shipping form with each invoice sent to you. You must make all transport and shipping arrangements. However, we can arrange to pack, transport, and ship your property if you ask us to and pay the costs of doing so. We recommend that you ask us for an estimate, especially for any large items or items of high value that need professional packing. We may also suggest other handlers, packers, transporters, or experts if you ask us to do so. For more information, please contact Christie's Art Transport at +1 212 636 2480. See the information set out at www.christies. com/shipping or contact us at ArtTransportNY@ christies.com. We will take reasonable care when we are handling, packing, transporting, and shipping a. However, if we recommend another company for any of these purposes, we are not responsible for their acts, failure to act, or neglect.

2 EXPORT AND IMPORT

Any lot sold at auction may be affected by laws on exports from the country in which it is sold and the import restrictions of other countries. Many countries require a declaration of export for property leaving the country and/or an import declaration on entry of property into the country. Local laws may prevent you from importing a lot or may prevent you selling a lot in the country you import it into.

(a) You alone are responsible for getting advice about and meeting the requirements of any laws or regulations which apply to exporting or importing any lot prior to bidding. If you are refused a licence or there is a delay in getting one, you must still pay us in full for the lot. We may be able to help you apply for the appropriate licences if you ask us to and pay our fee for doing so. However, we cannot guarantee that you will get one. For more information, please contact Christie's Art Transport Department at +1 212 636 2480. See the information set out at www.christies.com/shipping or contact us at ArtTransportNY@christies.com.

(b) Endangered and protected species

Lots made of or including (regardless of the percentage) endangered and other protected species of wildlife are marked with the symbol ~ in the catalogue. This material includes, among other things, ivory, tortoiseshell, crocodile skin, rhinoceros horn, whalebone certain species of coral, and Brazilian rosewood. You should check the relevant customs laws and regulations before bidding on any lot containing wildlife material if you plan to import the lot into another country. Several countries refuse to allow you to import property containing these materials, and some other countries require a licence from the relevant regulatory agencies in the countries of exportation as well as importation. In some cases, the **lot** can only be shipped with an independent scientific confirmation of species and/or age, and you will need to obtain these at your own cost.

(c) Lots containing Ivory or materials resembling ivory

If a lot contains elephant ivory, or any other wildlife material that could be confused with elephant ivory (for example, mammoth ivory, walrus ivory, helmeted hornbill ivory) you may be prevented from exporting the lot from the US or shipping it between US States without first confirming its species by way of a rigorous scientific test acceptable to the applicable Fish and Wildlife authorities. You will buy that lot at your own risk and be responsible for any scientific test or other reports required for export from the USA or between US States at your own cost. We will not be obliged to cancel your purchase and refund the purchase price if your lot may not be exported, imported or shipped between US States, or it is seized for any reason by a government authority. It is your responsibility to determine and satisfy the requirements of any applicable laws or regulations relating to interstate shipping, export or import of property containing such protected or regulated material.

(d) Lots of Iranian origin

Some countries prohibit or restrict the purchase, the export and/or import of Iranian-origin "works of conventional craftsmanship" (works that are not by a recognized artist and/or that have a function, (for example: carpets, bowls, ewers, tiles, ornamental boxes). For example, the USA prohibits the import and export of this type of property without a license issued by the US Department of the Treasury, Office of Foreign Assets Control. Other countries, such as Canada, only permit the import of this property in certain circumstances. As a convenience to buyers, Christie's indicates under the title of a lot if the lot originates from Iran (Persia). It is your responsibility to ensure you do not bid on or import a lot in contravention of the sanctions or trade embargoes that apply to you. (f) Gold

Gold of less than 18ct does not qualify in all countries as 'gold' and may be refused import into those countries as 'gold'.

(g) Watches

Many of the watches offered for sale in this catalogue are pictured with straps made of endangered or protected animal materials such as alligator or crocodile. These lots are marked with the symbol ~ in the catalogue. These endangered species straps are shown for display purposes only and are not for sale. Christie's will remove and retain the strap prior to shipment from the sale site. At some sale sites, Christie's may, at its discretion, make the displayed endangered species strap available to the buyer of the lot free of charge if collected in person from the sale site within 1 year of the date of the auction. Please check with the department for details on a particular lot.

For all symbols and other markings referred to in paragraph H2, please note that lots are marked as a convenience to you, but we do not accept liability for errors or for failing to mark lots.

OUR LIABILITY TO YOU

- (a) We give no warranty in relation to any statement made, or information given, by us or our representatives or employees, about any lot other than as set out in the authenticity warranty and, as far as we are allowed by law, all warranties and other terms which may be added to this agreement by law are excluded. The seller's warranties contained in paragraph E1 are their own and we do not have any liability to you in relation to those warranties.
- (b) (i) We are not responsible to you for any reason (whether for breaking this agreement or any other matter relating to your purchase of, or bid for, any lot) other than in the event of fraud or fraudulent misrepresentation by us or other than as expressly set out in these conditions of sale: or
- (ii) give any representation, warranty or guarantee or assume any liability of any kind in respect of any lot with regard to merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, description, size, quality, condition, attribution, authenticity, rarity. importance, medium, provenance, exhibition history, literature, or historical relevance. Except as required by local law, any warranty of any kind is excluded by this paragraph.
- (c) In particular, please be aware that our written and telephone bidding services, Christie's LIVETM, condition reports, currency converter and saleroom video screens are free services and we are not responsible to you for any error (human or otherwise), omission or breakdown in these services.
- (d) We have no responsibility to any person other than a buyer in connection with the purchase of any lot.
- (e) If, in spite of the terms in paragraphs I(a) to (d) or E2(i) above, we are found to be liable to you for any reason, we shall not have to pay more than the purchase price paid by you to us. We will not be responsible to you for any reason for loss of profits or business, loss of opportunity or value, expected savings or interest, costs, damages, or expenses.

OTHER TERMS

OUR ABILITY TO CANCEL

In addition to the other rights of cancellation contained in this agreement, we can cancel a sale of a lot if we reasonably believe that completing the transaction is, or may be, unlawful or that the sale places us or the seller under any liability to anyone else or may damage our reputation

2 RECORDINGS

We may videotape and record proceedings at any auction. We will keep any personal information confidential, except to the extent disclosure is required by law. However, we may, through this process, use or share these recordings with another Christie's Group company and marketing partners to analyse our customers and to help us to tailor our services for buyers If you do not want to be videotaped, you may make arrangements to make a telephone or written bid or bid on Christie's LIVETM instead. Unless we agree otherwise in writing, you may not videotape or record proceedings

3 COPYRIGHT

We own the copyright in all images, illustrations and written material produced by or for us relating to a lot (including the contents of our catalogues unless otherwise noted in the catalogue). You cannot use them without our prior written permission. We do not offer any guarantee that you will gain any copyright or other reproduction rights to the lot.

4 ENFORCING THIS AGREEMENT

If a court finds that any part of this agreement is not valid or is illegal or impossible to enforce, that part of the agreement will be treated as being deleted and the rest of this agreement will not be affected.

5 TRANSFERRING YOUR RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

You may not grant a security over or transfer your rights or responsibilities under these terms on the contract of sale with the buyer unless we have given our written permission. This agreement will be binding on your successors or estate and anyone who takes over your rights and responsibilities.

6 TRANSLATIONS

If we have provided a translation of this agreement, we will use this original version in deciding any issues or disputes which arise under this agreement.

7 PERSONAL INFORMATION

We will hold and process your personal information and may pass it to another Christie's Group company for use as described in, and in line with, our privacy policy at www.christies.com.

8 WAIVER

No failure or delay to exercise any right or remedy provided under these Conditions of Sale shall constitute a waiver of that or any other right or remedy, nor shall it prevent or restrict the further exercise of that or any other right or remedy. No single or partial exercise of such right or remedy shall prevent or restrict the further exercise of that or any other right or remedy.

9 LAW AND DISPUTES

This agreement, and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with this agreement, or any other rights you may have relating to the purchase of a lot will be governed by the laws of New York. Before we or you start any court proceedings (except in the limited circumstances where the dispute, controversy or claim is related to proceedings brought by someone else and this dispute could be joined to those proceedings), we agree we will each try to settle the dispute by mediation submitted to IAMS, or its successor, for mediation in New York. If the Dispute is not settled by mediation within 60 days from the date when mediation is initiated, then the Dispute shall be submitted to IAMS, or its successor, for final and binding arbitration in accordance with its Comprehensive Arbitration. Rules and Procedures or, if the Dispute involves a non-U.S. party, the JAMS International Arbitration Rules. The seat of the arbitration shall be New York and the arbitration shall be conducted by one arbitrator, who shall be appointed within 30 days after the initiation of the arbitration. The language used in the arbitral proceedings shall be English. The arbitrator shall order the production of documents only upon a showing that such documents are relevant and material to the outcome of the Dispute. The arbitration shall be confidential, except to the extent necessary to enforce

a judgment or where disclosure is required by law. The arbitration award shall be final and binding on all parties involved. Judgment upon the award may be entered by any court having jurisdiction thereof or having jurisdiction over the relevant party or its assets. This arbitration and any proceedings conducted hereunder shall be governed by Title 9 (Arbitration) of the United States Code and by the United Nations Convention on the Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Arbitral Awards of June 10, 1958.

10 REPORTING ON WWW.CHRISTIES.COM

Details of all lots sold by us, including catalogue descriptions and prices, may be reported on www.christies.com. Sales totals are hammer price plus buyer's premium and do not reflect costs, financing fees, or application of buyer's or seller's credits. We regret that we cannot agree to requests to remove these details from www.christies.com.

K GLOSSARY

authentic: authentic : a genuine example, rather than a copy or forgery of:

- (i) the work of a particular artist, author or manufacturer, if the lot is described in the Heading as the work of that artist, author or manufacturer;
- (ii) a work created within a particular period or culture, if the lot is described in the Heading as a work created during that period or culture;
- (iii) a work for a particular origin source if the lot is described in the Heading as being of that origin or source; or
- (iv) in the case of gems, a work which is made of a particular material, if the lot is described in the Heading as being made of that material.

authenticity warranty: the guarantee we give in this agreement that a lot is authentic as set out in paragraph E2 of this agreement.

buyer's premium: the charge the buyer pays us along with the hammer price.

catalogue description: the description of a lot in the catalogue for the auction, as amended by any saleroom

Christie's Group: Christie's International Plc, its subsidiaries and other companies within its corporate group.

condition: the physical condition of a lot. due date: has the meaning given to it paragraph F1(a). estimate: the price range included in the catalogue or any saleroom notice within which we believe a lot may sell. Low estimate means the lower figure in the range and high estimate means the higher figure. The mid estimate is the midpoint between the two.

hammer price: the amount of the highest bid the auctioneer accepts for the sale of a lot.

Heading: has the meaning given to it in paragraph E2. lot: an item to be offered at auction (or two or more items to be offered at auction as a group).

other damages: any special, consequential, incidental or indirect damages of any kind or any damages which fall within the meaning of 'special', 'incidental' or 'consequential' under local law.

purchase price: has the meaning given to it in paragraph F1(a).

provenance: the ownership history of a **lot**. qualified: has the meaning given to it in paragraph E2 and Qualified Headings means the paragraph headed Qualified Headings on the page of the catalogue headed 'Important Notices and Explanation of Cataloguing Practice'.

reserve: the confidential amount below which we will not sell a lot.

saleroom notice: a written notice posted next to the lot in the saleroom and on www.christies.com, which is also read to prospective telephone bidders and notified to clients who have left commission bids, or an announcement made by the auctioneer either at the beginning of the sale, or before a particular lot is auctioned.

UPPER CASE type: means having all capital letters. warranty: a statement or representation in which the person making it guarantees that the facts set out in it

> E2(k) 07/08/15 02/12/15

SYMBOLS USED IN THIS CATALOGUE

The meaning of words coloured in **bold** in this section can be found at the end of the section of the catalogue headed 'Conditions of Sale'

Christie's has a direct financial interest in the lot. See Important Notices and Explanation of Cataloguing Practice.

Christie's has a direct financial interest in the lot and has funded all or part of our interest with the help of someone else. See Important Notices and Explanation of Cataloguing Practice.

Lot incorporates material from endangered species which could result in export restrictions. See Paragraph H2(b) of the Conditions of Sale.

Owned by Christie's or another Christie's Group company in whole or part. See Important Notices and Explanation of Cataloguing Practice.

Lot offered without reserve which will be sold to the highest bidder regardless of the pre-sale estimate in the catalogue.

See Storage and Collection pages in the catalogue.

Please note that **lots** are marked as a convenience to you and we shall not be liable for any errors in, or failure to, mark a **lot**.

IMPORTANT NOTICES AND EXPLANATION OF CATALOGUING PRACTICE

IMPORTANT NOTICES

Δ: Property Owned in part or in full by Christie's

From time to time, Christie's may offer a lot which it owns in whole or in part. Such property is identified in the catalogue with the symbol Δ next to its lot number.

o Minimum Price Guarantees:

On occasion. Christie's has a direct financial interest in the outcome of the sale of certain lots consigned for sale. This will usually be where it has guaranteed to the Seller that whatever the outcome of the auction, the Seller will receive a minimum sale price for the work. This is known as a minimum price guarantee Where Christie's holds such financial interest we identify such lots with the symbol o next to the lot number.

° ♦ Third Party Guarantees/Irrevocable bids

Where Christie's has provided a Minimum Price Guarantee it is at risk of making a loss, which can be significant, if the lot fails to sell. Christie's therefore sometimes chooses to share that risk with a third party. In such cases the third party agrees prior to the auction to place an irrevocable written bid on the lot. The third party is therefore committed to bidding on the lot and, even if there are no other bids, buying the lot at the level of the written bid unless there are any higher bids. In doing so, the third party takes on all or part of the risk of the lot not being sold. If the lot is not sold, the third party may incur a loss. Lots which are subject to a third party guarantee arrangement are identified in the catalogue with the symbol ° ♦.

The third party will be remunerated in exchange for accepting this risk based on a fixed fee if the third party is the successful bidder or on the final hammer price in the event that the third party is not the successful bidder. The third party may also bid for the lot above the written bid. Where it does so, and is the successful bidder, the fixed fee for taking on the guarantee risk may be netted against the final purchase price.

Third party guarantors are required by us to disclose to anyone they are advising their financial interest in any lots they are guaranteeing. However, for the avoidance of any doubt, if you are advised by or bidding through an agent on a lot identified as being subject to a third party guarantee you should always ask your agent to confirm whether or not he or she has a financial interest in relation to the lot.

Other Arrangements

Christie's may enter into other arrangements not involving bids. These include arrangements where Christie's has given the Seller an Advance on the proceeds of sale of the lot or where Christie's has shared the risk of a guarantee with a partner without the partner being required to place an irrevocable written bid or otherwise participating in the bidding on the lot. Because such arrangements are unrelated to the bidding process they are not marked with a symbol in the catalogue.

Bidding by parties with an interest

In any case where a party has a financial interest in a lot and intends to bid on it we will make a saleroom announcement to ensure that all bidders are aware of this. Such financial interests can include where beneficiaries of an Estate have reserved the right to bid on a lot consigned by the Estate or where a partner in a risk-sharing arrangement has reserved the right to bid on a lot and/or notified us of their intention to bid.

Please see http://www.christies.com/ financial-interest/ for a more detailed explanation of minimum price guarantees and third party financing arrangements.

Where Christie's has an ownership or financial interest in every lot in the catalogue, Christie's will not designate each lot with a symbol, but will state its interest in the front of the catalogue.

FOR PICTURES, DRAWINGS, PRINTS AND MINIATURES

Terms used in this catalogue have the meanings ascribed to them below. Please note that all statements in this catalogue as to authorship are made subject to the provisions of the Conditions of Sale and authenticity warranty. Buyers are advised to inspect the property themselves. Written condition reports are usually available on request.

QUALIFIED HEADINGS

In Christie's opinion a work by the artist.

*"Attributed to ..

In Christie's qualified opinion probably a work by the artist in whole or in part.
*"Studio of ..."/ "Workshop of ..."

In Christie's qualified opinion a work executed in the studio or workshop of the artist, possibly under his supervision

*"Circle of ...'

In Christie's qualified opinion a work of the period of the artist and showing his influence

*"Follower of .

In Christie's qualified opinion a work executed in the artist's style but not necessarily by a pupil.

*"Manner of ..

In Christie's qualified opinion a work executed in the artist's style but of a later date.

*"After .

In Christie's qualified opinion a copy (of any date) of a work of the artist.

"Signed ..."/"Dated ..."/

"Inscribed ..

In Christie's qualified opinion the work has been signed/dated/ inscribed by the artist.

"With signature ..."/ "With date ..."/

"With inscription ...

In Christie's qualified opinion the signature/

date/inscription appears to be by a hand other than that of the artist.

The date given for Old Master, Modern and Contemporary Prints is the date (or approximate date when prefixed with 'circa') on which the matrix was worked and not necessarily the date when the impression was printed or published.

*This term and its definition in this Explanation of Cataloguing Practice are a qualified statement as to authorship. While the use of this term is based upon careful study and represents the opinion of specialists, Christie's and the seller assume no risk, liability and responsibility for the authenticity of authorship of any lot in this catalogue described by this term, and the Authenticity Warranty shall not be available with respect to lots described using this term.

POST 1950 FURNITURE

All items of post-1950 furniture included in this sale are items either not originally supplied for use in a private home or now offered solely as works of art. These items may not comply with the provisions of the Furniture and Furnishings (Fire) (Safety) Regulations 1988 (as amended in 1989 and 1993, the "Regulations"). Accordingly, these items should not be used as furniture in your home in their current condition. If you do intend to use such items for this purpose, you must first ensure that they are reupholstered, restuffed and/or recovered (as appropriate) in order that they comply with the provisions of the Regulations. These will vary by department.

STORAGE AND COLLECTION

STORAGE AND COLLECTION

All lots will be stored free of charge for 35 days from the auction date at Christie's Rockefeller Center or Christie's Fine Art Storage Services (CFASS in Red Hook, Brooklyn). Operation hours for collection from either location are from 9.30 am to 5.00 pm, Monday-Friday. Lots may not be collected during the day of their move to Christie's Fine Art Storage Services (CFASS in Red Hook, Brooklyn). Please consult the Lot Collection Notice for collection information. This sheet is available from the Bidder Registration staff, Purchaser Payments or the Packing Desk and will be sent with your invoice.

STORAGE CHARGES

Failure to collect your property within 35 calendar days of the auction date from any Christie's location, will result in storage and administration charges plus any applicable sales taxes.

Lots will not be released until all outstanding charges due to Christie's are paid in full. Please contact Christie's Client Service Center on +1 212 636 2000.

Charges	All Property
Administration (per lot , due on Day 36)	\$150.00
Storage (per lot /day, beginning Day 36)	\$12.00

Long-term storage solutions are also available per client request. CFASS is a separate subsidiary of Christie's and clients enjoy complete confidentiality.

Please contact CFASS New York for details and rates: Tel + 1 212 636 2070, storage@cfass.com

STREET MAP OF CHRISTIE'S NEW YORK LOCATIONS



GOVERNORS ISLAND EAST RIVER BOOKLYN BROOKLYN

Christie's Rockefeller Center

20 Rockefeller Plaza, New York 10020 Tel: +1 212 636 2000 nycollections@christies.com Main Entrance on 49th Street Receiving/Shipping Entrance on 48th Street

Hours: 9:30 AM - 5:00 PM

Monday-Friday except Public Holidays

Christie's Fine Art Storage Services (CFASS)

62-100 Imlay Street, Brooklyn, NY 11231 Tel: +1 212 974 4500 nycollections@christies.com Main Entrance on Corner of Imlay and Bowne St Hours: 9:30 AM - 5:00 PM Monday-Friday except Public Holidays

WORLDWIDE SALEROOMS AND AMERICAN OFFICES

ARGENTINA

BUENOS AIRES

Tel: +54 11 43 93 42 22 Cristina Carlisle

BERMUDA

BERMUDA

+1 401 849 9222 Betsy Ray

BRAZIL

RIO DE JANEIRO

+5521 2225 6553 Candida Sodre

SÃO PAULO

+55 11 3061 2576 Nathalie Lenci

CANADA

TORONTO

+1 416 960 2063 Brett Sherlock

CHILE

SANTIAGO

+56 2 2 2631642 Denise Ratinoff de Lira

COLOMBIA

BOGOTA

+57 312 421 1509 Juanita Madrinan

FRANCE

· PARIS

+33 (0)1 40 76 85 85

INDIA

MUMBAI

+91 (22) 2280 7905 Menaka Kumari-Shah Sonal Singh

ITALY

• MILAN

+39 02 303 2831

JAPAN

TOKYO

+81 (0)3 6267 1766 Ryutaro Katayama, Chairman Nobu Nagara

MEXICO

MEXICO CITY

+52 55 5281 5503 Gabriela Lobo

THE NETHERLANDS

AMSTERDAM

+31 (0)20 57 55 255

PEOPLES REPUBLIC OF CHINA

- HONG KONG
 - +852 2760 1766
- SHANGHAI

+86 (0)21 6355 1766 Jinqing Cai

SWITZERLAND

• GENEVA

+41 (0)22 319 17 66 Eveline de Proyart

ZURICH

+41 (0)44 268 1010 Dirk Boll

UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

DUBAI

+971 (0)50 551 4264 Chaden Khoury

UNITED KINGDOM

- LONDON, KING STREET +44 (0)20 7839 9060
- LONDON, SOUTH KENSINGTON +44 (0)20 7930 6074

UNITED STATES

BOSTON

+1 617 536 6000 Elizabeth M. Chapin

CHICAGO

+1 312 787 2765 Lisa Cavanaugh

DALLAS

+1 214 599 0735 Capera Ryan

HOUSTON

+1 713 802 0191 Jessica Phifer

LOS ANGELES

+1 310 385 2600 Rita Boyle

MIAMI

+1 305 445 1487 Jessica Katz

NEWPORT

+1 401 849 9222 Betsy D. Ray

NEW YORK

+1 212 636 2000

PALM BEACH

+1 561 833 6952 Maura Smith

PHILADELPHIA

+1 610 520 1590 Christie Lebano

SAN FRANCISCO

+1 415 982 0982 Ellanor Notides

· DENOTES SALEROOM

ENQUIRIES?— Call the Saleroom or Office **EMAIL**— info@christies.com

For a complete salerooms & offices listing go to christies.com

72

CHRISTIE'S SPECIALIST DEPARTMENTS AND SERVICES

DEPARTMENTS

AFRICAN AND OCEANIC ART

PAR: +33 (o) 140 768 386 NY: +1 212 484 4898

AMERICAN DECORATIVE ARTS

NY: +1 212 636 2230

AMERICAN FURNITURE

NY: +1 212 636 2230

AMERICAN ART

NY: +1 212 636 2140

ANGLO-INDIAN ART

KS: +44 (0)20 7389 2570

ANTIQUITIES

NY: +1 212 636 2245

ASIAN 20TH CENTURY AND CONTEMPORARY ART

NY: +1 212 468 7133

AUSTRALIAN PICTURES

KS: +44 (0)20 7389 2040

BOOKS AND MANUSCRIPTS

NY: +1 212 636 2665

BRITISH & IRISH ART

KS: +44 (0)20 7389 2682

NY: +1 212 636 2120

SK: +44 (0)20 7752 3257

BRITISH ART ON PAPER

KS: +44 (0)20 7389 2278

SK: +44 (0)20 7752 3293

NY: +1 212 636 2120

BRITISH PICTURES 1500-1850

KS: +44 (0)20 7389 2945

NY: +1 212 636 2217

CERAMICS AND GLASS

NY: +1 212 636 2215

CHINESE PAINTINGS

NY: +1 212 636 2195

CHINESE WORKS OF ART

NY: +1 212 636 2180

CLOCKS

KS: +44 (0)20 7389 2357

CORKSCREWS

SK: +44 (0)20 7752 3263

COSTUME, TEXTILES AND FANS

SK: +44 (0)20 7752 3215

ENTERTAINMENT MEMORABILIA

SK: +44 (0)20 7752 3281

NY: +1 212 636 2230

FURNITURE

NY: +1 212 636 2200

HOUSE SALES

SK: +44 (0)20 7752 3260

ICONS

SK: +44 (0)20 7752 3261

IMPRESSIONIST AND MODERN ART

NY: +1 212 636 2050

INDIAN AND SOUTHEAST ASIAN ART

NY: +1 212 636 2190

INDIAN CONTEMPORARY ART

NY: +1 212 636 2190

KS: +44 (0)20 7389 2700

INTERIORS

NY: +1 212 636 2032

SK: +44 (0)20 7389 2236

ISLAMIC WORKS OF ART

KS: +44 (0)20 7389 2370 SK: +44 (0)20 7752 3239

JAPANESE ART

NY: +1 212 636 2160 KS: +44 (0)20 7389 2595

JEWELLERY

NY: +1 212 636 2300

KORFAN ART

NY: +1 212 636 2165

LATIN AMERICAN ART

NY: +1 212 636 2150

MINIATURES NY: +1 212 636 2250 **MODERN DESIGN**

SK: +44 (0)20 7389 2142

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

NY: +1 212 636 2000

NINETEENTH CENTURY FURNITURE AND SCULPTURE

NY: +1 212 707 5910

OBJECTS OF VERTU

NY: +1 212 636 2250

OLD MASTER PAINTINGS AND 19TH CENTURY EUROPEAN ΔRT

OLD MASTER DRAWINGS

NY: +1 212 636 2120

NY: +1 212 636 2120

PHOTOGRAPHS

NY: +1 212 636 2330

PICTURE FRAMES

SK: +44 (0)20 7389 2763

POST WAR AND **CONTEMPORARY ART**

NY: +1 212 636 2100

POSTERS

SK: +44 (0)20 7752 3208

PRINTS

NY: +1 212 636 2290

RUSSIAN WORKS OF ART

NY: +1 212 636 2260

SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENTS

SK: +44 (0)20 7752 3286

SCULPTURE

KS: +44 (0)20 7389 2331 SK: +44 (0)20 7389 2794

SILVER

NY: +1 212 636 2250

TOPOGRAPHICAL PICTURES

KS: +44 (0)20 7389 2040

SK: +44 (0)20 7752 3291

TWENTIETH CENTURY **DECORATIVE ART** AND DESIGN

NY: +1 212 636 2240

VICTORIAN PICTURES

KS: +44 (0)20 7389 2468 SK: +44 (0)20 7752 3257

WATCHES

NY: +1 212 636 2320

NY: +1 212 636 2270

AUCTION SERVICES

CHRISTIE'S AUCTION **ESTIMATES**

Tel: +1 212 492 5485 Fax: +1 212 636 4930

CORPORATE COLLECTIONS

Tel: +1 212 636 2901

www.christies.com

Fax: +1 212 636 4929 Email: celkies@christies.

ESTATES AND APPRAISALS

Tel: +1 212 636 2400 Fax: +1 212 636 2370 Email: info@christies.com

MUSEUM SERVICES

Tel: +1 212 636 2620 Fax: +1 212 636 4931

Email: awhiting@christies. com

PRIVATE SALES US: +1 212 636 2557 Fax: +1 212 636 2035 Email: vpfeiffer@christies.com

OTHER SERVICES

CHRISTIE'S EDUCATION

New York

Tel: +1 212 355 1501 Fax: +1 212 355 7370 Email: christieseducation@

christies.edu Hong Kong

Tel: +852 2978 6747 Fax: +852 2525 3856 Email: hkcourse@christies. com

London

Tel: +44 (0)20 7665 4350 Fax: +44 (0)20 7665 4351 Email:

education@christies.com

Paris

Email:

Tel: +33 (0)1 42 25 10 90 Fax: +33 (0)1 42 25 10 91

ChristiesEducationParis@ christies.com

CHRISTIE'S INTERNATIONAL REAL ESTATE

New York

Tel: +1 212 468 7182 Fax: +1 212 468 7141

info@christiesrealestate.

com

London

Tel: +44 (0)20 7389 2551

Fax: +44 (0)20 7389 2168

info@christiesrealestate.

Hong Kong

Tel: +852 2978 6788

Fax: +852 2845 2646

Email: info@christiesrealestate.

CHRISTIE'S FINE ART STORAGE SERVICES

London

+44 (0)20 7622 0609 london@cfass.com

New York

+1 212 974 4579 newyork@cfass.com

Singapore

Tel: +65 6543 5252 Email: singapore@cfass.

CHRISTIE'S REDSTONE Tel: +1 212 974 4500

KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS:

London, King Street NY: New York,

Rockefeller Plaza PAR: Paris

SK: London,

South Kensington

WE HAVE MOBILE BROWSING DOWN TO AN ART







Browse our beautifully illustrated catalogues and view hundreds of works of art, at your fingertips in moments.

Discover the power of mobile technology in the hands of the world's leading art business.

Explore Christie's full mobile lineup at christies.com/mobile

Click. Connect. Collect.



PROPERTY FROM THE COLLECTION OF HARRIET AND JEROME ZIMMERMAN

LYNN CHADWICK (1914-2003)

Walking Cloaked Figures IX

stamped with initial and numbered 'C PE 769 4/9' (on the underside of each) · bronze with the artist's gold patina male: 10 % x 9 % x 10 % (26.9 x 24.1 x 26.6 cm.) female: 10 % x 8 x 9 % in. (26.3 x 20.3 x 24.1 cm.)

Executed in 1980. This work is number four from an edition of nine. \$50,000-70,000





First Open

New York • 4 March 2016

CHRISTIE'S

Viewing 27 Februar

27 February–3 March 20 Rockefeller Plaza New York, NY 10020 Contact

Han-I Wang hwang@christies.com +1 212 636 2100 christies.com

© LYNN CHADWICK / BRIDGEMAN IMAGES

out fair sider 2016

January 21–24

Metropolitan Pavillion 125 West 18th Street NYC outsiderartfair.com



WRITTEN BIDS FORM

CHRISTIE'S NEW YORK

LIBERATION THROUGH EXPRESSION: **OUTSIDER AND VERNACULAR ART**

FRIDAY 22 JANUARY 2016 AT 10.00 AM

20 Rockefeller Plaza New York, NY 10020

CODE NAME: BOXER SALE NUMBER: 13084

(Dealers billing name and address must agree with tax exemption certificate. Invoices cannot be changed after they have been printed.)

BID ONLINE FOR THIS SALE AT CHRISTIES.COM

BIDDING INCREMENTS

Bidding generally starts below the low estimate and increases in steps (bid increments) of up to 10 per cent. The auctioneer will decide where the bidding should start and the bid increments. Written bids that do not conform to the increments set below may be lowered to the next bidding-interval.

US\$50 to US\$1,000 by US\$50s US\$1,000 to US\$2,000 by US\$100s US\$2,000 to US\$3,000 by US\$200s by US\$200, 500, 800 US\$3,000 to US\$5,000

(e.g. US\$4,200, 4,500, 4,800)

US\$5,000 to US\$10,000 by US\$500s US\$10,000 to US\$20,000 by US\$1,000s US\$20,000 to US\$30,000 by US\$2,000s

US\$30,000 to US\$50,000 by US\$2,000, 5,000, 8,000

(e.g. US\$32,000, 35,000, 38,000) US\$50,000 to US\$100,000

by US\$5,000s US\$100,000 to US\$200,000 by US\$10,000s Above US\$200,000 at auctioneer's discretion

The auctioneer may vary the increments during the course of the auction at his or her own discretion.

- 1. I request Christie's to bid on the stated lots up to the maximum bid I have indicated for each lot.
- 2. I understand that if my bid is successful the amount payable will be the sum of the hammer price and the buyer's premium (together with any applicable state or local sales or use taxes chargeable on the hammer price and buyer's premium) in accordance with the Conditions of Sale-Buyer's Agreement). The **buyer's premium** rate shall be an amount equal to 25% of the hammer price of each lot up to and including US\$100,000, 20% on any amount over US\$100,000 up to and including US\$2,000,000 and 12% of the amount above US\$2,000,000
- I agree to be bound by the Conditions of Sale printed in the catalogue.
- 4. I understand that if Christie's receive written bids on a lot for identical amounts and at the auction these are the highest bids on the lot, Christie's will sell the lot to the bidder whose written bid it received and accepted first.
- Written bids submitted on "no reserve" lots will, in the absence of a higher bid, be executed at approximately 50% of the low estimate or at the amount of the bid if it is less than 50% of the low estimate.

I understand that Christie's written bid service is a free service provided for clients and that, while Christie's will be as careful as it reasonably can be, Christie's will not be liable for any problems with this service or loss or damage arising from circumstances beyond Christie's reasonable control.

AUCTION RESULTS: CHRISTIES.COM

Written bids must be received at least 24 hours before the auction begins. Christie's will confirm all bids received by fax by return fax. If you have not received confirmation within one business day, please contact the Bid Department. Tel: +1 212 636 2437 Fax: +1 212 636 4938 on-line www.christies.com

	13084
Client Number (if applicable)	Sale Number
Billing Name (please print)	
N. I.	
Address	
City	State Zone
Sity	State Zone
Daytime Telephone	Evening Telephone
- "	
Fax (Important)	Email
Please tick if you prefer not to receive info	rmation about our upcoming sales by e-mail
have read and understood this W ritten B id Form an	ND THE CONDITIONS OF SALE — BUYER'S AGREEMENT
Signature	

If you have not previously bid or consigned with Christie's, please attach copies of the following documents. Individuals: government-issued photo identification (such as a photo driving licence, national identity card, or passport) and, if not shown on the ID document, proof of current address, for example a utility bill or bank statement. Corporate clients: a certificate of incorporation. Other business structures such as trusts, offshore companies or partnerships: please contact the Credit Department at +1 212 636 2490 for advice on the information you should supply. If you are registering to bid on behalf of someone who has not previously bid or consigned with Christie's, please attach identification documents for yourself as well as the party on whose behalf you are bidding, together with a signed letter of authorisation from that party. New clients, clients who have not made a purchase from any Christie's office within the last two years, and those wishing to spend more than on previous occasions will be asked to supply a bank reference.

PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY

Lot number (in numerical order)	Maximum Bid US\$ (excluding buyer's premium)	Lot number (in numerical order)	Maximum Bid US\$ (excluding buyer's premium)

If you are registered within the European Community for VAT/IVA/TVA/BTW/MWST/MOMS Please quote number below:

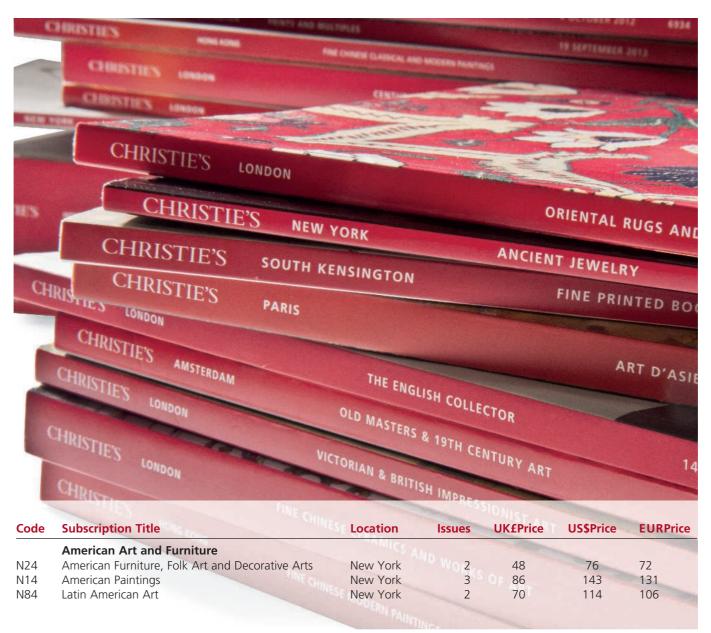
19/01/2015 77 18/11/15

CATALOGUE SUBSCRIPTIONS

EXPERT KNOWLEDGE BEAUTIFULLY PRESENTED

AMERICAN ART AND FURNITURE

Paintings, drawings and sculpture created during the early days of the American Colonies up to the 1970s. American furniture and works of art from the 17th to the 19th centuries including folk art. Latin American paintings, drawings and sculpture.



CHRISTIE'S WWW.CHRISTIES.COM/SHOP

Photographs, Posters and Prints · Impressionist and Modern Art Jewellery, Watches and Wine · Antiquities and Tribal Art Asian and Islamic Art · Russian Art Furniture, Decorative Arts and Collectables · American Art and Furniture Books, Travel and Science · Design, Costume and Memorabilia Post-War and Contemporary Art Old Master Paintings and 19th Century Paintings

CHRISTIE'S

CHRISTIE'S INTERNATIONAL PLC

Patricia Barbizet, Chairwoman and CEO Jussi Pylkkänen, Global President Stephen Brooks, Deputy CEO Loïc Brivezac, Gilles Erulin, Gilles Pagniez, Héloïse Temple-Boyer, Sophie Carter, Company Secretary

CHRISTIE'S EXECUTIVE

Patricia Barbizet, Chairwoman and CEO Jussi Pylkkänen, Global President Stephen Brooks, Deputy CEO

INTERNATIONAL CHAIRMEN

François Curiel, Chairman, Asia Pacific Stephen Lash, Chairman Emeritus, Americas Viscount Linley, Honorary Chairman, EMERI Charles Cator, Deputy Chairman, Christie's Int. Xin Li, Deputy Chairwoman, Christie's Int.

CHRISTIE'S AMERICAS

Brook Hazelton, President

CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE

Stephen S. Lash, Chairman Emeritus Cyanne Chutkow, Deputy Chairman Derek Gillman, Chairman Brett Gorvy, Chairman Loic Gouzer, Deputy Chairman Ben Hall, Deputy Chairman Nicholas Hall, Chairman John Hays, Deputy Chairman Conor Jordan, Deputy Chairman Maria C. Los, Deputy Chairman Laura Paulson, Deputy Chairman Paul Provost, Deputy Chairman Jonathan Rendell, Deputy Chairman Jeanne Sloane, Deputy Chairman Barrett White, Deputy Chairman Eric Widing, Deputy Chairman Athena Zonars, Deputy Chairman Xin Li, Deputy Chairman, Asia

SENIOR VICE PRESIDENTS

Tunde Adenuga, John Auerbach, Martha Baer, Vivian Bakmas-Pfeiffer, Heather Barnhart, Michael Bass, Elizabeth Beaman, G. Max Bernheimer, Rita Boyle, Bonnie Brennan, Thomas Burstein, Sarah Cashin, Lisa Cavanaugh, Elizabeth M. Chapin, Kenneth Citron, Sandra Cobden, Ĉhris Coover, Deborah Coy, François de Poortere, Carrie Dillon, Monica Dugot, Cathy Elkies, Sheri Farber, Lydia Fenet, Jennifer Glaisek Ferguson, Melissa Gagen, Virgilio Garza, Keren Gottesman, Benjamin Gore, Karen Gray, Jennifer K. Hall, Darius Himes, Lori Hotz, Koji Inoue, Erik Jansson, Rahul Kadakia, Kathy Kaplan, Karen Karp, Julie Kim, Sharon Kim, Stefan Kist, Deepanjana Klein, Peter Kloman, Susan Kloman, Jonathan Laib, Brooke Lampley, Julie Leonhardt Latorre, Thomas Lecky, Daphne Lingon, Richard Lloyd, Gabriela Lobo, Rebecca MacGuire, Andrew Massad, Alexis McCarthy, Andrew McVinish, Adrien Meyer, Michelle Meyercord, Richard Nelson, Shira Nichaman, Ellanor Notides, Tash Perrin, Jason Pollack, Denise Ratinoff, John Reardon, Margot Rosenberg, Sonya Roth, Capera Ryan, Caroline Sayan, Andrew Seltzer,

Xan Serafin, Brett Sherlock, Muys Snijders, Will Strafford, Toby Usnik, Sarah Vandeweerdt, Carina Villinger, Francis Wahlgren, Cara Walsh, Amy Wexler, Allison Whiting, Marissa Wilcox, Jody Wilkie, Tom Woolston, Steven Wrightson, Katsura Yamaguchi, Jennifer Zatorski

VICE PRESIDENTS

Vlad Ashurov, Kelly Ayers, Diane Baldwin, Brett Banchek, Adrian Bijanada, Eileen Brankovic, Valerie Bulova, Cristina Carlisle, John Caruso, Angelina Chen, Karen Christian, Pauline Cintrat, Moira Cowan Anne Dayton Ginette Dean, Cathy Delany, Elise de la Selle, Anna Diehl, Yasaman Djunic, Alexandra Duch, Lorena Duran, Ian Ehling, Ross Elgie, Jessica Fertig, John Foster, Lauren Frank, Sara Friedlander, Vanessa Fusco, Sayuri Ganepola, Joshua Glazer, Margaret Gristina, Izabela Grocholski, Helena Grubesic, Elizabeth Hammer-Munemura. Minna Hanninen, William Haydock, Shannon Henry, Margaret Hoag, Per Holmberg, Andrew Holter, Jennifer Hong, Val Hoyt, Anne Igelbrink, Sandhya Jain Patel, Leanne Jagtiani, Mariana Joseph, Jessica Katz, Sumako Kawai, Alexis Klein, David Kleiweg de Zwaan, Christina Landaw, Richard LaSalle, Lisa Layfer, Christine Layng, Andrew Lee, Nathalie Lenci, Mary Libby, Molly Morse Limmer, Ryan Ludgate, Ann Lydecker, Laurie Lasdon Marshall, Erin McAndrew, Adam McCoy, Mark Moehrke, Caroline Moustakis, Laura Nagle, Marysol Nieves, Rachel Orkin-Ramey, Allison Roberts, Joanna Ostrem, Elisabeth Poole Parker, Carolyn Pastel, Sam Pedder-Smith, Joseph Picone, Jennifer Pitman, Saara Pritchard, Kimberly Ray, Greg Reid, Casey Rogers, Thomas Root, William Russell, Arianna Savage, Stacey Sayer, Sari Sharaby-Swartz, Brian Shaw, Candida Sodre, Maura Smith, Sasha Smith, Gemma Sudlow, Bliss Summers, Scott Torrence, Arianna Tosto, Terence Vetter, Hartley Waltman, Michal Ward, Nicholas Wilson, Eric Wind, Alan Wintermute, Jennifer Wright, Kristen Yraola, Timothy Yule, Jennifer Yum, Laryssa Zalisko, Steven J. Zick

ASSOCIATE VICE PRESIDENTS

Tylee Abbott, Lauren Anderson, Danielle Austin, Yana Balan, Kelly Barros, Bernadine Boisson, Anne Bracegirdle, Diana Bramham, Elisa Catenazzi, Ana Maria Celis, Patrick Conte, Leiko Coyle, Whitney Cunningham, Alison Curry, Anne Dayton, Caitlin Donovan, Kristen de Bruyn, Elise de la Selle, Ashish Desai, Julie Drennan, Emily Fisher, Heather Fowler, Sara Fox, Juarez Francis, Douglas Goldberg, Julia Gray, Michael Gumener, Megan Guzman, Rachel Hagopian, Natalie Hamrick, Adeline Han, Anna Handy, Anne Hargrave, Andrew Huber, Sima Jalili Caroline Kelly, Sung Hee Kim, Kirill Kluev, Kristin Kolich, Samantha Koslow, Paula Kowalczyk, Emma Kronman, Blake Kurisu, David Lieu, Carlie Lindeberg, Alexander Locke, Amelia Manderscheid, Patrick McGrath, Hadley Miller, Danielle Mosse, Takaaki Murakami, Libia Nahas, Tom Orf, Ayub Patel, Yi Peng, Jessica Phifer, Carleigh Queenth, Prakash Ramdas, Jeremy Rhodes, Lesley-Ann Roberts, Kristina Ryan, Emily Sarokin, Morris Scardigno, Ryan Schmidt, Morgan Schoonhoven, Nicole Shapiro, Edwina Stitt, Bo Tan, Peter Terela, Lillian Vasquez, Mike Wang, Drew Watson, Simon Wills, Emma Winder, Gretchen Yagielski, Kevie Yang, Cara Zimmerman

CHRISTIE'S AMERICAN ADVISORY BOARD

The Lord Carrington, KG, Honorary Chairman John L. Vogelstein, Chairman Stephen S. Lash, Vice Chairman Herb Allen, Elizabeth Ballantine, Charlie Blaquier, Christina Chandris, Bruno Eberli, Lynn Forester de Rothschild, Ambassador Stuart E. Eizenstat, Guido Goldman, Ashton Hawkins, Esq., J Tomilson Hill III, Barbara Jakobson, Nancy M. Kissinger, George Klein, Ambassador William H. Luers, Hon. Nicholas Platt, Li Chung Pei, Jeffrey E. Perelman, Tara Rockefeller, Denise Saul, Andrew N. Schiff, M.D., Clifford M. Sobel, Michael Steinhardt, Archbold D. van Beuren, Casey Wasserman

INTERNATIONAL REPRESENTATIVES

Maura Benjamin, Meg Bowen, Alexandra Burroughs, Nathalie Gerschel Kaplan, Konrad Keesee, Lydia Kimball, Mary Libby, Juanita Madrinan, Brenda Norris, Kelly Perry, Betsy Ray, Nancy Rome, Ashley Schiff



© Christie, Manson & Woods Ltd. (2015)



17/12/15 79





